THE DAILY GAZETTE.

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WASHINGTON NEWS

The Contested Election Case Settled --Dibble Unseated.

Disgraceful Conduct of Democratic Representatives.

Favorable Repot of Military Committee on Porter's Bill.

[FROM THE NIGHT.]

WASHINGTON May 31—The Mackey Dibble election case was settled to day by the swearing in of Mackey. The Dibble Hill case was afterwards called up and will be pressed until it is settled. During the day was reached one of the most disgraceful scenes of riot that ever prevailed in the house. A resolution proposing the censure of the speaker for his ruling last Monday was introduced by McLane and he was cut off from speaking by recognition given Reed to move to lay the resolution on the table. It was after eight o'clock when the gas had been lighted for an hour. The members were hungry and ill tempered and some seemed to have been drinking. A dozen democrats rose simultaneously to question of order or praying. The republicans were in hilarious glee at the down and have order. The speaker became excited. He grew red in the face and pounded his gavel till it broke. Nothing could be heard but a din of internal yells and screams. A dozen men at a time from both parties were on their feet. The speaker at last called Reed to order. Reed refused to be silenced. Hewitt, Springer, Cox and others were on their feet. Springer was the most conspicuous in the demonstration. He shook his fist in the face of the speaker. Some of the republicans cut yells of derision. Springer rushed to the front. Warning over to the republican side and shouting his denunciations in close proximity to every member of the house. Cox defied the majority to put the resolution. McLane, Cox, Springer, Hewitt, Cowen, Atkins, Converse, Ellis, Cannon, Reed, followed like a bull fight in all its parts were heard at intervals far above the thunder of all the others. Robertson, Reed is a lobster and blowing, like a porpoise, manifestly as stayed to scream louder than the rest. The gavel shrieks of Miller of Pennsylvania frequently pierced the uproar as the yell of the coyote breaks the stillness of a night on the prairies. Reagan of Texas gave vent to a series of wild grunts that formed a bass viol accompaniment to Miller's bag pipes. The speaker made as much noise as anybody else and far more than his share. When the row would have ended if Randall, in tremendous tones had not appealed to the speaker to maintain order, and so appealing, finally secured order himself. Hell then broke loose on one or two occasions but at last a vote was taken on the motion to table the resolution, and it was adopted by a party vote.

CIVIL COMMISSION

DENVER, May 31—A Washington special says: The Civil commission cannot enter their duties until necessary funds are appropriated by congress. It is understood that Secretary Teller has selected Lochrid Sylvester, of Missouri, clerk in the land office, for secretary of the commission.

Cutting Rates

DENVER, May 31—The passenger war between the D. & N. O. and D. & R. G. has begun. The latter road this morning reduced the rates from Denver to Pueblo from $6 to $5.50. The New Orleans promptly cut by announcing a one dollar rate.

STATE NEWS

Double Murder at Leadville—Items from Denver.

DENVER, May 31—A Leadville special says: A blood curdling double murder was committed about 9 o'clock this morning in front of the Herald office. The victims are Robert Burtamess and one D. W. Luster, a miner just recently released from Canon. Briefly the particulars are: Burtamess owns and occupies a cabin back of Capitol hill, was robbed night before last and the robbery was traced to Luster. Luster was arrested this morning by a policeman and while they were coming down Chestnut street Burtamess and Luster broke away. Luster drew his revolver and fired a shot at each, the policeman and Burtamess. The first ball passed through the officer's coat, doing no harm, but the second struck Burtamess in the right breast, passing through his body. Burtamess, in turn, was hot, fired a fatal shot in the back, killing Luster, the ball striking his head. Both men died in a few minutes and drew a large crowd. It is marvelous that another person was hurt, as many persons were on the street at the time of the shooting.

John L. White was dangerously and Geo. Marshall slightly wounded by the accidental discharge of a pistol a few miles south of this city this morning.

Kantramitz, dealer in clothing at 516 Larimer street and in millinery at 803½ Fifteenth street has assigned. Liabilities are about $3,000. There are suspicions of crookedness.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

The Body of Zoe Watkins Found in the Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS, MO., May 30—The dead body of Miss Zoe Watkins was found in the Mississippi river at the foot of Market street, in the suburb known as Carondelet, at about half past seven o'clock this morning, by a man named Joseph Ray, who discovered the remains while on a driftwood catcher. The body had apparently been in the water for about twelve days and was very much swollen, the face presenting a horrible sight, and causing a shudder in all who saw it. There was no marks of violence—whatever upon the body. Mr. Ray exclaimed on finding the body, "My God! It's Zo Watkins!"

The body was taken to the shore and at once identified. The theory of suicide obtains general credence. It is believed Miss Zo probably walked from the corner of Twenty third street and Gamble avenue on the evening, of Thursday May 17th, down to the river and jumped in. The body was taken to the morgue where a post-mortem examination was held, developing the fact that the unhappy girl died a virgin. The parents are completely grief stricken. The father exclaimed when the news was told him, "Then all is over!" The mother and sister fell in a faint. The parents have the sincere sympathy of the entire city. The unfortunate young lady's remains will be buried immediately.

Rumors of War in Egypt

NEW YORK, May 31—The Herald's Cairo special says: There is a fearful panic at Alexandria. The European population fear for their lives. They are leaving by hundreds. All the steamers are full. A woman recently confined has been taken on board to escape the brutality of the soldiers. Arabi is forcing the population to sign a petition to depose the Khedive at the bayonet's point, using Herculean force to gain signatures. The soldiery are likely to oppose the landing of the British commission and will fight. All the churches and places of amusement are closed. Small arms are bought up at famine prices. Arabi refuses all interviews to foreign residents.

[illegible] secretary has informed [illegible] Thornton that Russia, acting in concert with Germany, Austria and Italy, has instructed its representative at Constantinople to support the policy pursued by the Dual alliance.

LONDON, May 31—Natives are escaping from Cairo to avoid signing the petition for the retirement of the Tewfik ministry. The world of the ultimatum, the departure of the [illegible] the recall of consul generals on the depositions of the Khedive that no [illegible] must be left to employ measures for saving [illegible] of the Theatre have created great alarm. It is stated that France has ordered additional vessels from Toulon and Tunis to Alexandria.

Another Mining Exhibition

CHICAGO, May 31—Secretary Reynolds, of the Chicago Inter State Industrial exposition has arranged for a continental collection and exhibition of ores, minerals, mining implements, etc., to be conducted on an extensive scale under the auspices of the Western Mining bureau. Specimens of ores of important mines of the United States, British America and Mexico will be exhibited.

Fast Mails

CHICAGO, May 31—The Inter Ocean had an interview with Postmaster General Howe on fast mails yesterday, which closes thus: "Incidentally it is to the point to say here, although the subject was not suggested by the postmaster general, that if the Union Pacific and Central Pacific should only increase their speed to 25 or 30 miles an hour, on other roads not considered a break neck speed, two whole days could be saved between New York and San Francisco."

Arthur's Reception

NEW YORK, May 30—The Times says: At the conclusion of the parade to-day, President Arthur had a reception at the Fifth Avenue hotel and about one thousand people were present. Ladies and gentlemen paid their respects to the president. It was at first supposed that the reception was for gentlemen only, and ladies in groups clustered about the door. Presently a gentleman escorting two or three ladies invited them to enter with them and be presented. They assented and were introduced. This was the opening gun, and there was an immediate and general advance of ladies along the line. Gentlemen swooped into the room with from one to four ladies in charge, and all were greeted with smiles. Presently General Hancock approached and President Arthur reached to grasp his hand saying, "How do you do, General, I am very glad to see you," and the two gentlemen entered into a conversation which lasted several minutes.

Decoration Day

Besides the closing of the banks and other places of business, Decoration day passed off very quietly in Colorado Springs. The day was observed by a parade of Company A and the fire department. At nine o'clock the military and several fire companies gathered together in front of the engine house on Huerfano street, and by ten o'clock the procession was formed under the direction of Captain J. H. Barnham and Chief Engineer Bayley, both of whom were mounted on horses. The line of march was taken up in the following order:

The Colorado Cadets, C. N. C. Bird commanding.
Company A, First Battalion Cavalry.
Fire Band and Ladder Co. No. 1.
Mutt Francis Hose No. 1.
W. S. Jackson Hose No. 2.
J. M. Stratton Hose No. 3.

The procession followed the line of march as heretofore published in the GAZETTE. As a whole the display was a very creditable one, the military company and all the fire companies being fully represented. The band made its first appearance in public at the head of the line and was the recipient of many compliments on account of the excellence of its music. Under the leadership of Mr. J. B. Knoblock the new band is making rapid progress and rehearsing regularly. It is the intention to make it the crack band of the state, and one that Colorado Springs may well be proud of.

RECONSIDERED.

Last Night's Special Meeting of the City Fathers.

The D. & N. O. Refused the Right of Crossing Huerfano Street.

A Commission Appointed to Adjust Moreno Avenue Grant.

A special meeting of the city council was held in the council chamber last night in accordance with a call to that effect, signed by Mayor Robbins and three other members of the city council. The object of the meeting was to reconsider their action taken last Thursday night in reference to granting a right of way to the Denver & New Orleans road through the city. Notice of the meeting had gained circulation and in consequence there was a large number of interested people present the lobby, hallway and ante room adjoining the council chamber being crowded.

Mayor Robbins occupied the chair and at eight o'clock the time set for the meeting, the following aldermen responded to roll-call: Alderman Brown, Wheeler, Himebaugh, Downing, Crowell, Anderson and Coombs. Mr. Wilson subsequently appeared and took his seat, thus making a full board present.

First in order of business came the reading of petitions and communications, and City Clerk McGovney started out with the following from the residents of Moreno avenue:

COLORADO SPRINGS, May 31, 1882.

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of Colorado Springs:

We, the undersigned, residents and owners of property of Moreno avenue, would hereby petition your honorable body to repeal the ordinance, or that part which grants the right of way to the Denver & New Orleans railroad through Moreno avenue, for the following reasons, to-wit:

1st. That more houses front on Moreno avenue than any street south of Vermijo avenue therefore more damage would result to owners of property.

2d. That Moreno avenue is the narrowest street or avenue in the city.

3d. That Rio Grande street, one block south is wider and has but ten (10) houses on it, whereas Moreno avenue has twenty three (23), eleven of which front on the street, would, therefore, suggest Rio Grande or the unoccupied grounds south as a more favorable route.

4th. That a large majority of the residents and owners of property on Moreno have never yielded their consent that such right of way should be secured, but on the contrary, have zealously protested, and do hereby protest against the building of said road past our homes, we therefore ask for the repeal of said grant.

	Feet.		Feet.
J. L. Miller	50	J. H. Lunn	200
A. T. Huntley	200	Mrs. Sarah Skinner	50
Joseph Garrard	50	Mrs. Geo. English	50
Mary Powers	50	Mrs. A. Holmes	50
J. I. Clement	200	L. C. Davis	200
F. A. Spery	50	Colorado Spg's Co	400

The following petition, signed by seventy five of the representative men and business firms of Colorado Springs, was presented and read:

To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of the city of Colorado Springs:

GENTLEMEN: We, the undersigned property owners and business men of this city, would respectfully petition your honorable body to reconsider the ordinance passed by your honorable body May 25th, 1882, and so amend said ordinance that the right of way granted the Denver and New Orleans railway company shall stop at the south side of Huerfano street.

While we hail the approach of the Denver and New Orleans railroad with pleasure, still we believe that your honorable body did not intend to grant to the Denver and New Orleans railway company such extensive rights as they now claim under the ordinance as it now stands.

A. Sutton,	A. Segendorf & Co,
J. F. Love,	G. S. Barnes,
Geo. N. Whalt,	J. P. Barnes,
Ferris & Jones,	John Wilson,
George I. [illegible]	W. H. McKnight,
F. E. Robinson,	S. C. Skinner,
J. H. Eoff,	Everleth & Taylor,
Giddings & Stillman,	Channing Sweet,
Weatherby Bros.,	J. F. Humphrey,
Brigham & Calloway,	R. R. Taylor,
Burkeo & Lee,	M. C. Wilbur,
Oscar Hafner,	F. E. Dow,
Aux & Smith,	F. J. Eaton
Whipple & Roby,	Nye & Craig,
G. H. Stewart,	Howbert Bros.,
John Potter,	John Lennox,
S. E. Sessions,	Bennett Bros.,
Hooker & Stevens,	Nathan S. Culver,
Thos. C. Parrish,	T. A. McMorris,
C. H. White,	J. H. Barlow,
H. A. Wagner,	O. L. Godfrey,
John W. Brannan,	Jacob Reed, Jr.,
F. D. Sanford,	G. E. Brooks,
H. C. McCreery,	Rose & Burnham,
Linus E. Sherman,	C. W. Church & Co.,
O. H. Dunning,	Chas. Hallowell,
Henry L. B. Wills,	Franc O. Wood,
S. M. Donovan,	S. S. Roberts,
Hundley & Low,	E. N. Bartlett,
L. B. Farrar,	C. W. Conger,
Brusoe & Walsh,	Smith Bros.,
Giles Crissey,	J. G. Warner,
Joshua Sumner,	H. Haltheoen,
George L. King,	Otto von Tesmar,
W. C. Stark,	J. D. O'Haire,
C. T. Barton (per agt),	T. W. Hull,
John Stanley, Jr.,	John Stanley, Sr.

He next read the following communication from Dr. W. A. Bell, president of the Colorado Springs company, in reference to the public parks:

To the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of Colorado Springs:

DEAR SIRS: Having only recently been elected an executive officer of the Colorado Springs company, I was not aware of the objectionable features which attach to the ownership, by the city, of Acacia place and Alamo square, by which public and Springs company buildings may be erected thereon by the city or the Springs company.

I write on behalf of the Springs company, only to say that the company is ready and willing at any time to join with the city authorities in freeing the above public squares of the objectionable features above referred to, so that they may always remain open spaces for the use and benefit of the people of this town.

Yours faithfully,
WM. A. BELL,
President of the Colorado Springs Co.

Immediately afterward the following communication from Dr. Bell to Mr. J. H. Lunn was read:

J. H. Lunn, Esq., Colorado Springs:

DEAR SIR—On behalf of the Colorado Springs company I beg to inform you that it as property owner of more than one-half the property on each side of Fountain street will give its sanction to a single or double track being laid through said street by the Denver and New Orleans railroad company, provided the city council prevents the railroad company from penetrating north of the south line of Huerfano street or interfering with the hotel property and Experimental Garden.

Yours faithfully,
WILLIAM A. BELL,
President Colorado Springs Co.

GEO. H. PARSONS, Sec'y.

Alderman Crowell arose and moved that the same amendment to the ordinance as made by Alderman Wilson on Monday night striking out the word north and inserting the word south be adopted, which was seconded by Alderman Himebaugh. Mr. Crowell in presenting the motion stated that a petition signed by many of our best citizens asking that the road be confined to the south side of Huerfano street had been presented and should be recognized. The petitions and communications as read were accepted and ordered placed on file.

At the suggestion of Alderman Brown the two communications read at the special meeting of the council held on Monday night were again read.

Judge Williams, who was present as city attorney at the request of the council, was asked whether, in his opinion, the amendment as suggested could be made and would cover the ground. He said that the amendment as offered would not have the desired purpose if the latter part of section 1st of the original ordinance giving the Denver & New Orleans road the right of extending its branch lines, spurs, and side tracks upon or over any property that the company might own or hereafter acquire to depot grounds, warehouses siding, etc., was not stricken out. He also gave as his opinion that they might cross under certain contingencies, but inasmuch as they had not procured consent from the property owners adjoining the right of way north of Huerfano street. Mr. Williams said that out of justice to Mr. Campbell he would say that the original ordinance had not been drawn up by him, but had been sent from Denver.

Alderman Crowell said that if the amendment as proposed would not fill the bill that the attorney be instructed to draw up one that would.

The defects in the ordinance were brought to notice, for instance that part relating to the number of tracks, siding and spurs. Some seemed to think that this right as given was very liberal. In response to a question Judge Williams said that as he looked at it the D. & N. O. road could under the ordinance as adopted cover Moreno avenue or the other street through which it run with a complete network of tracks.

Alderman Coombs asked that the council not vote on the amendment too hastily. As for himself he would like to have more enlightenment, and as some of the representatives of the Colorado Springs company and some of the Moreno avenue residents were present he would suggest that they be heard from.

On motion of Alderman Anderson an invitation was extended to the representatives of any corporation or of the citizens to address the council on the subject before them.

In response to this Dr. W. A. Bell, president of the Colorado Springs company, addressed the council. He began by saying: I would like to say a few words to you this evening. In the first place it is probably well known to all present that the three companies who are most deeply interested in the welfare of Colorado Springs, viz: D. & R. G., Colorado Springs company, and lately the Hotel company are influenced by one motive to benefit the town, none of which, up to the present time, have exercised any effort whatsoever to prevent the entrance of the D. & N. O. into the town. He then briefly referred to the extraordinary character of the ordinance which had been passed, showing that the city's interests had been in every respect neglected. He spoke of the different routes by which the Denver & New Orleans could come into the city and continue to Manitou without injuring private property or mutilating any public property. He repeated the substance of his communications to the council and Mr. Lunn, and said the Colorado Springs company would favor granting any reasonable right of way to the Denver & New Orleans. Several questions were asked and answered.

Alderman Wilson then read an amendment which Attorney Williams thought effectual as to the stopping of the road on the south side of Huerfano street and Alderman Crowell said that if it covered the ground better than the one first introduced he would withdraw his motion.

Alderman Downing thought that another important feature which should be given consideration was that of governing the grade of the road through the streets. As Judge Williams interpreted the ordinance required the company to make switch approaches at the street crossings, but beyond that did not provide for any specified grade.

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COLORADO COLLEGE.

First Regular Announcement Exercises in its History.

Orations of the Graduates, Halleck and Tuckerman.

Dedication Exercises, Inauguration of President Tenney.

Yesterday was the most important day that has yet come in the history of Colorado college. This morning our institution of learning rejoices in the possession of two alumni.

The college chapel had been neatly decorated for the occasion, most of this work having been done by the college girls. Evergreens were around the windows and tastefully draped elsewhere. Above the platform on the wall framed with flowers was "1882," while immediately above the desk was a large floral horse-shoe. Among the other attractive features around the chapel desk were quite a quantity of flowers and the faculty.

Among those present were Rev. R. F. Cross, of Denver, Professor Thomas H. Haskell, Denver, Professor Blount, of the agricultural school, Fort Collins, Professor Charles R. Bliss, of the New West Education commission and Rev. Mr. Armstrong.

Notwithstanding the threatening of the early afternoon, the weather behaved admirably, and the chapel was crowded full.

The exercises were opened with an invocation by Rev. W. L. Slutz, pastor of the M. E. church. After a piano duet by Miss DeLangre and Miss Marden, which was well received, Mr. Parker Sedgwick Halleck read his oration on "Civil Service Reform."

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM

Of all the subjects that demand the thoughtful attention of Americans there are few so important as civil service reform.

This must ere long be in the near future, an issue that will profoundly stir the public mind. It is a live issue and will come to the front, despite the efforts of senators, congressmen and other prominent spoilsmen to prevent it.

Public sentiment is already in its favor and both our great parties for half a generation have recognized it by growing sentiment in their national platforms. Official patronage is after slavery, the greatest evil that has cursed our politics for half a century. The spoils supply the sinews of political strife or animate the hopes of those who run the machine and make bossism and political tyranny possible.

To better understand the nature of this gigantic evil, and how to cope with and destroy it, let us for a time glance at its deeply interesting history. Its origin and development in Great Britain will chiefly interest us.

It originated in the early period when the absolute will of the sovereign was the highest fountain of law, when neither economy nor justice were deemed essential in administration, when neither character nor capacity were considered requisites for office under the king. We do not need to go so far back in English history to find the sovereign not simply reigning but ruling in the most personal and arbitrary manner. The kingdom was only his private patrimony, the people his serfs, and the administration the expression of his personal will toward them as occupants of his domains.

Political parties did not exist, in the modern sense of the word, until the beginning of the eighteenth century. None before William III had ever attempted party rule, or had any need of parties. Strife and factions there were, as true, for there was patronage, and "where the carcass is there will the eagles be gathered together." In those halcyon days of spoils, offices and titles of honor were given away at the caprice of the king, or openly sold for money without a thought of shame or the least regard to the fitness of the recipients.

The creed of the infamous Judge Barnard of New York—"This patronage is mine, was the theory of administration from William the Conqueror to William of Orange and with thorough consistency this was applied to religion as well as to politics.

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With the accession of George IV there came also a radical change in the English administration. Then it was that the principle was first applied "that the higher offices in the customs should be supplied from the ranks below." From this point the British service has never receded and it may be set down as so much gained by the pressure of a healthful public opinion which had long been growing in power. Here we find the first great gain in the weary struggle which was to continue another forty years ere its full fruition came. The same year was laid the foundation of our spoils system in a law limiting the term of surveyors, collectors and postmasters to four years, thus inducing them, if they wished to continue in office, to become partisans of the party in power. In the light of the vast evil which this has wrought, our congress is now considering a bill to include revenue collectors also, and this to still further swell the horde of henchmen for our great bosses.

At the time when the foundation for our national spoils system was laid there was already the greatest corruption in the politics of the "Empire state," whence, with the aid of the law just enacted, it rapidly and with little resistance, passed into the executive department of the nation.

These are some of the articles of creed which have prevailed in both parties, and shaped the national administration for fifty years.

First—"Politics is a game whose prizes are offices and contracts."

Second—"Fidelity to party is the sole virtue of the politician." "He only is the true politician who would vote for the devil if regularly nominated." "Bolting is the only unpardonable sin."

Third—"No man must be allowed to suffer for fidelity to party, no matter how odious he makes himself to the people."

Fourth—"Editors are to be unscrupulously used but never fully trusted."

Fifth—"The end and aim of the politician is to keep great men down and to put little men up. Great men are dangerous, even as tools."

These are some of the principles by which their infamous author, Aaron Burr, rose to the vice-presidency. Such did his apt pupil, Van Buren, receive from him, and transmit to the hero of New Orleans.

This much lauded democratic saint, while studying what should be his policy as president, said: "I am not a politician but if I were, I would be a New York politician."

It may be added that he did become a politician of that particular type which he so much admired.

In 1829, with Van Buren for secretary of state, he gave these nefarious doctrines a national application. He was the first president base enough to say: "To the victor belongs the spoils," though it was openly advocated on the floor of the United States senate.

With time this Burrian code has been revised in form though the spirit is unchanged. It now includes the assessment of federal officials for party purposes and enforces them on pain of dismissal from office. Another precious principle has been added for the management of the primaries in which it is decided who shall be the candidates for whom the people shall vote. Burr's principle was that "the people must not be allowed to think for themselves." Our modern bosses say: "The primaries must not be open to all, but only to those who pledge themselves to obey the leaders, to support every nomination, and to follow all the instructions of the majority." And they say: "These are the party and the only ones entitled to share the offices and profits."

This is the creed of those who run our political machines and attempt through them under the guise of senatorial courtesy, to dictate to the president of the United States whom he may appoint collector of New York or postmaster at Confedrit Cross Roads, foreign minister or door keeper. Such is the machine to enforce whose dictates two of its tyrannical bosses resigned their places in the United States senate. These are the detestable principles whose influence filled the assassin's brain and sent the leaden messenger of death through the vitals of Garfield. Would that all the people might understand them and abhor! Would that they might be gibbeted a month hence on the same scaffold with the loathsome assassin! Partisan tyrants now control our elections through funds raised by assessing the salaries of federal officials. They raise those salaries and multiply the offices that they may have more funds with which to corrupt and bribe. So great and so manifest are the evils of our public service that it is becoming a reproach to republican institutions and hindering the progress of freedom abroad as well as endangering it at home.

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These facts show us that reform is as feasible as it is desirable, hence it only remains for us to consider the best method.

There are those who expect to see reform brought about by a tide of public opinion, which shall be sudden and astounding in action and results, but we are compelled to conclude that the prospect for this is not flattering. The evil is too deep-rooted, permeating every branch of the government. In its interest the term of federal officials and judges of state courts has been shortened that they might become partisans and benchmen of our tyrants who dominate the "machine." It has, by debasing the public service, made it impossible for the best men to obtain an office or to hold one with self-respect. It has removed almost every motive which might make the public servants honest and honorable; and taught them to regard themselves as the menials of the collector or postmaster and accountable only to him. It has fortified itself against public opinion or taught the people to believe the present state of things unavoidable under a republican government.

Second. There are those who pretend to think that reforms must come from within party lines, and be brought about by party or not at all. Even so great a journal as the New York Tribune preaches this, but if we refer again to our history, both at home and abroad we find that the facts do not support the theory. In England party government had obtained for 160 years before the reform movement came to a successful issue, and then parties had nothing to do with its achievement save to hinder it as long as possible. In our congress party lines disappeared entirely, when it came in 1871 to voting a small appropriation to carry on the competitive examinations begun at New York in March of 1871. The spoils party was the only one represented there; for the appropriation was voted down without a division or a record. It was not even asked whether the merit system of appointment was producing good results or not, nay in the face of the strongest recommendations from President Grant, so the parties ignored the public service, though one party was then pledged to it.

Think you that congress will make ports of entry and establish custom houses at such interior towns as Denver and Salt Lake City, and then voluntarily surrender for the public good the patronage secured thereby? No indeed, not in the present state of human nature, especially of the average congressional human nature as it exists after election.

Third. We have seen that three great wars in Britain, each of which brought about more or less reform, were none of them able to secure permanent results for want of a strong and vigorous public opinion behind them to maintain what had been gained for the people. We have seen that when the voice of the people firmly demanded it, competitive examinations were introduced which permitted any man to secure a place in the service if capable, and if faithful and trustworthy also, to keep the same or be promoted.

With the merit system of appointment and promotion, parliamentary interference has ceased, the tone of the service has been raised, men being now found who take an honest pride in the faithful discharge of their duties. They are no longer disfranchised, as for a century previous to 1861 they were, to prevent their interference with elections. These facts teach us to expect reform only through the creation and fostering of a public sentiment that shall insist on the purification of the public service so determinedly that political tyranny shall be driven from among us. They teach us that to purify the service we must have competitive examinations open to every American citizen to secure the selection of the fittest, and then removed from office only for a righteous cause. We must have also promotion in the service for the faithful and trustworthy, so that [illegible] may take an honest pride in their calling, and make it, indeed, a vocation, not an avocation. What we need first of all, is trust, trusting in the justice and patriotism of their country.

(Continued on Third Page.)

DAILY GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, MAY 30, 1882

TIME TABLE

Colorado Springs & Manitou Ry.

Leave Colo. Springs.	Arrive Colo. Springs.
10:25 a. m.	9:30 a. m.
12:01 p. m.	11:35 a. m.
5:10 p. m.	4:40 p. m.

Denver & Rio Grande Railway.

Trains going South.	Trains going North.
No. 1 arrives 11:15 a. m.	No. 2 arrives 4:50 p. m.
No. 1 leaves 11:00 a. m.	No. 2 leaves 4:20 p. m.
No. 3 arrives 11:40 p. m.	No. 4 arrives 4:00 a. m.
No. 3 leaves 11:20 p. m.	No. 4 leaves 3:05 a. m.
No. 5 arrives 4:35 p. m.	No. 6 arrives 10:15 a. m.
No. 5 leaves 4:20 p. m.	No. 6 leaves 10:30 a. m.

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities East at the depot. Parties can select their own route.

Trains now running through to Denver the Pullman palace sleepers attached to night trains. Horton reclining chair cars on day trains. Observation cars on daylight trains through the Royal Gorge in the Grand Canyon.

For full information call on or address

J. S. ELLISON, Agent.

As to-day is a legal holiday, there will be no paper to-morrow.

A special communication of El Paso lodge will be held this evening. Work on third degree.

Ex-Governor C. A. Crawford, of Kansas, was registered at the Colorado Springs hotel yesterday.

Manager Nye has entered into a contract with Lawrence Barrett to play here on April 28th, 1883.

Mr. A. D. Craigue, accompanied by his wife, spent Sunday in the city, calling on old friends and acquaintances.

Mr. Will Visscher, of the Denver Tribune, arrived in the city on Sunday morning and expects to remain several days.

The platform at the depot is being lowered and an additional one will be built between the two tracks for the use of the broad gauge trains.

Mr. John Clark, formerly deputy sheriff of El Paso county, now occupying the same position in Gunnison county, is in the city for a few days.

A rehearing has been granted in the Robert E. Lee suit by Judges McCreary and Miller. It is set for July in the United States circuit court of Iowa.

A special train containing General Manager D. C. Dodge and Superintendents Ridgeway and Bancroft passed south on the Denver and Rio Grande at noon yesterday.

To-morrow will occur the first commencement exercises of Colorado College, consisting of orations and addresses. In the evening there will be a levee in the college building.

Messrs. Hooker & Stevens, the grocery men, will on and after June 1st occupy the store recently occupied by P. Erickson on the corner of the alley adjoining Durkee & Lee's.

All members of Company A, and the Colorado Springs Fire Department are requested to meet at the engine house this morning at 9 o'clock. By order of Captain T. H. Burnham and Chief Engineer Pixley.

A rumor has been circulated that W. H. McMillan has retired from the painting business in this city. He requests us to inform the public that the rumor is without foundation and that he is still in the field.

There will be a game of base ball at the association grounds this afternoon between the same two nines prevented from playing last Saturday on account of the stormy weather. The admittance to the grounds will be free.

Mr. Irving Howbert has purchased of Mr. Charles Elwell his handsome stone residence on Weber street. The price paid for the house, including furniture, was $80,000. Mr. Howbert contemplates occupying the same in about a week or ten days.

The sixth and last lecture on Greek antiquities will be given at the college this evening. The examination of the Parthenon will be finished and a description with illustrations will be given of the Propylæa, temple of Erechtheus and the marbles of Ægina.

Captain W. B. Tuttle has been appointed manager of the Athletic association, and J. E. McIntyre, captain of the base ball club, for the ensuing season. No better appointments could have been made, as they have both always felt an active interest in the organization.

It is now understood that the entire first floor of the Carpenter block on the corner of Kiowa and Tejon streets has been leased to Messrs. Daniels & Fisher, of Denver, for a dry-goods store. The above firm is the largest and best known in the state, having mammoth stores both at Denver and Leadville.

One week from next Saturday the 100-yard handicap for the Metcalf medal and the Athletic association medal will take place on the association track. This contest will be open to all members of the association who have paid their dues. Both medals will be well worth running for and a very interesting race is anticipated.

Marshal Beall wishes us to state that he will give five dollars reward for information that will lead to the conviction of parties killing any birds that are protected by the general laws of Colorado. Quite a number of parties have lately been engaged in this and he proposes to put a stop to it and also to their shooting within the city limits.

Mr. William M. Shuler, of the firm of Dunn & Shuler of South Pueblo, has been in this city for several days introducing their tobaccos and cigars. This firm manufacture all their goods, and have the largest tobacco manufactory in southern Colorado. Mr. Shuler left for Pueblo yesterday morning, but before leaving he called at the GAZETTE office and left some very fine cigars.

A petition has been filed in the county court by the Denver & New Orleans company asking for a right of way fifty feet wide through the Experimental garden. It is properly a notice of the beginning of condemnation proceedings, and a hearing is to be had on the 5th of July. No order has been asked for giving the road the privilege of beginning work. According to the plat filed with the petition the road will curve in a northwesterly direction from the intersection of Huerfano and Sahwatch streets, and cross the Rio Grande track near the old powder magazine north of the depot. This petition was filed by Messrs. Wells, Smith and Macon, and John Campbell, attorneys of the road.

To-day Decoration Day will be observed by a public parade of Company A and the fire department headed by the cavalry band. The procession will form at ten o'clock in front of the engine house on Huerfano street. The line of march will be Huerfano street to Tejon, south as far as Cucharas, east to Weber, north to Platte, west to Nevada, south to Pike's Peak, west to Tejon, north to Platte, west to Cascade, south to Pike's Peak, east to Tejon, south to Huerfano. Note the fire department will be dismissed and Company A will march to the parade grounds, near the flag-staff, where they will be put through the drill.

General Passenger Agent Nims, of the Denver & Rio Grande has telegraphed that the road will, providing they can secure a sufficient number to warrant it, run a cheap excursion from here to Denver for those who may desire to attend the opera on either Thursday or Friday nights. He requests all who may desire to go to leave their names with Agent Ellison expressing their preference about returning the same night or not.

To-day being a legal holiday the banks and many other places of business will be closed.

Justice Pixley disposed of a plain drunk yesterday by fining him $8 and costs.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

HALLETT & BAKER,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
No. 2 Pike's Peak Avenue. j 13 tf

Ask for Hiscock's Crackers. 6-26-tf

For Rent—Two rooms at Kiowa Greenhouse. e-29-tf

A Card—We are going out of business and are offering our stock at prices that are bound to close it out at the earliest possible time. Remember our stock is not old and shop worn, as some would imply, but composed of new and desirable goods, being largely of this season's purchases. Weatherby Bros., 23 S. Tejon st. e-24-6

Screen wire cloth, screen window frames to fit any window, screen door spring hinges and latches, at Durkee & Lee's. e-17-tf

For Sale—A new canopy top surrey for sale very cheap, at Hundley & Löw's. e-10-tf

Furniture repairing and varnishing, hair mattresses made over, awning, tents and all kinds of canvas work, at the new furniture store, Ashby's, Pike's Peak ave. e-19-tf

To Ladies Only—Mrs. Dr. Stockman, of Chicago, Ill., will give a free lecture to ladies only to-morrow afternoon at 5 o'clock in the Cumberland Presbyterian church. Subject: "Health for Women." This will be followed by a course of four afternoon lectures on the following subjects: "Food and Digestion, and Diseases of Women;" "Pregnancy and Parturition, Care and Training of Children;" "Prevailing Pathies, and Paternal Culture;" and "Reproduction; Heredity," &c. Full course, one dollar. Single lecture twenty-five cents. e-30-1

W. W. Bryan, proprietor of the Beebee House Bar and Billiard Parlors has just received a car load of fresh imported Wines, for the summer trade, direct from Bordeaux. It consists of Burgundys, White Wines, Champagnes, Sherries, Rhine Wines and Clarets. e-28-tf

$500 Reward.—We will pay the above amount in cash to any one who will prove by honorable means that a majority of the residents of Moreno avenue want the D. & N. O. railroad built through said avenue as proposed, or that such consent was ever obtained by such means of said residents.

J. L. MILLER,
J. H. LUNN.
e-28-1

Colorado Springs has been for years in want of a first class gilder and tailor. We are glad to announce that we are supplied by as good an artist as there is in the state, at the stand of J. D. O'Haire, on Huerfano street west of People's bank. e-28-2

Fine Walnut bed Room Sets, Bureaus, Centre Tables, &c., at Ashby's new furniture store, Pike's Peak avenue. e-28-tf

Lemonade with Orange Ice, Lemonade with Ice Cream, Frozen Milk Punch, at Bryan's Beebee House Bar and Billiard Parlors during the season. e-2-tf

Positively going out of business. Heavy reductions in prices of dry goods. Mook & Ingram. e-21-tf

Go to G. S. Barnes for buggies, phaetons, canopy tops and light express wagons. e-9-tf

Philadelphia and Pennsylvania lawn mowers and lawn rakes at Durkee & Lee's. e-17-tf

Put a furnace in your house this summer and keep comfortable next winter. Durkee & Lee will do the work for you in first class shape and guarantee satisfaction. They are agents for the Fuller & Warren Co.'s furnaces, the best made. Over 50,000 in use. e-17-tf

Screen doors at your own figures at J. G. Warner's Planing Mill, corner Cascade avenue and Huerfano street. d-13 tf

French china, decorated queensware, lamp goods, etc., at Ralphs & Farley's. e-13-tf

Now is the time to polish up the handle of the big front door. We have a few old papers left that are suitable for that kind of work. tf

For pure and fresh drugs, at eastern prices, go to Church & Co.'s drug store. e-15-tf

Fire to Ax—The best catalogue of small fruits, grapes, &c., ever published in Colorado. Send your name to E. R. Cosson, Colorado Springs, postoffice box 176. e-1-tf

Tents, wagon sheets and camping outfits at Durkee & Lee's. e-17-tf

Rifles, shotguns, revolvers and all kinds of ammunition, at Durkee & Lee's. e-1-tf

See This!—You are not compelled to take your prescriptions where your physician directs. Church & Co. will fill them correctly and at eastern prices. 1 13 tf

Mr. L. C. Davis has the finest stock of Jewelry and the most experienced workmen in the state. j-3-tf

Refrigerators, ice chests, ice cream freezers and water coolers at Durkee & Lee's. 6-17-tf

M. L. DeCOURSEY

REAL

ESTATE

COLUMN.

AGENT FOR SALE

Of lots in the growing

TOWN OF

CRESTED BUTTE!

FRESCATI!

I will rent the Iron Springs hotel and the celebrated Iron Springs at Manitou, for a term commencing May 1st, or I will sell the entire property, consisting of 160 acres of land, taking in three-fourths of a mile of Fluxion creek and embracing numerous iron springs, summer houses, and the hotel.

FOR SALE.

The finest corner on North Tejon street, 200x190, $6,000, or will divide it.

Six lots on Pike's Peak ave., between Tejon and Nevada.

Lot on best part of North Nevada avenue, 75x190. Cheap at $2,000.

The 320 acres controlling the entrance to and running into Cheyenne Cañon. Splendid water, fine timber and nice garden land on the property. Also house and fencing. A fine place for a hotel which would be popular all the year round. A great bargain at $2,300.

Lovely two-story cottage of 7 rooms; city water; lot nicely fenced. Located on one of the best 50x190 feet corners on North Nevada avenue. A splendid chance to secure a beautiful home in one of the best localities in the city, $3,650.

Elegant house of 10 rooms; hot and cold water, bath room and all conveniences; large porches, splendid lawn, trees and shrubbery, stone cellar, first-class stable; lot 75x190, on best part of Weber street. Price $7,000. Will sell furniture with house if desired.

A splendid four acre garden tract, fenced and every inch of it under ditch; planted mostly in small fruits; one acre in alfalfa. House of 5 rooms and cellar, stable and outhouses; good cistern. Ten minutes walk from postoffice. A real bargain at $3,000.

A first class property only two blocks from new post office. Lot 50x190 feet, with house (partly new) size 26x60 feet containing 12 rooms, ceilings 10 feet high throughout. Also a wash room, cow house, hen house, etc. The house is partly furnished, and will be sold with furniture at the very low figure of $4,000. In this is included a good milch cow and fifty chickens.

Fine two story house of seven rooms and three closets; nice shade trees, porch in front, city water stable for three horses. House and stable were built during the past summer. Lot 50x190 feet. A bargain at $3,000, of which amount $1,500 may stand for one year at 10 per cent.

A splendid corner 100x190 feet on N. Weber street, on which are erected three lovely cottages renting for $77 per month. City water and gas pipes in cottages; open gate fire places in parlors; nice lawns and stables. This property is a bargain at $4,500.

Nice cottage of 5 rooms on lot 50x200 feet on Pike's Peak avenue; cellar, lawn, neat fence and stable; water in house; only $2,500.

Several nice lots in the neighborhood of the new postoffice site.

Ranch of 160 acres on the road between Monument and Table Rock, all fenced; raises fine potato crops; splendid springs of water; includes three acres of big timber. Only $1,000. A bargain.

House of 4 rooms; lot 50x190; lawn, trees, stable. Good location. A bargain at $800.

House of 5 rooms; city water. Lot 50x190. First class location. Only $1050.

House of 4 rooms on lot 100x190; water in house; $1,050.

House of 6 rooms, stable for ten horses, lot 50x190 all in grass, located on Nevada avenue close to business centre of city. A bargain at $4,000.

Several splendid corners on North Cascade, Tejon, Nevada and Weber streets.

House of 5 rooms, pantry, cellar, porch, stone foundation, well, 3 acres of ground, east of city, $1,200.

House of 7 rooms, porch, city water, lot 50x100, Huerfano, near Weber, $3,600.

A beautiful cottage at Manitou, containing four rooms and has a large porch. The cottage fronts south and is located on one of the most valuable lots at Manitou. This is the property known as the Thurlow cottage. It cost over $2,000 and will be sold for $1,500 cash, if at once.

FOR RENT.

Completely furnished house of ten rooms and bath room on one of the best corners on North Weber st. Hot and cold water; fine porches, stone cellar, splendid lawn, trees, etc. This house is one of the best and most comfortable in the city. It has a large hall, open grate fire places, hard wood floors, and all modern improvements.

Elegant furnished house of 6 rooms. Splendid location, facing south on Bijou street.

Furnished house of 4 rooms, splendid location; $25 per month.

Fine store building on Tejon st, between Pike's Peak ave. and Huerfano st., from May 15th.

The New England Kitchen and sleeping rooms, bath rooms, etc., up stairs. A fine chance for anyone wishing to embark in the restaurant or boarding house profession. Can be rented for 2 years at $80 per month.

Unfurnished house of 8 rooms, in first class location; $12 per mo.

Unfurnished house of 4 rooms; good location; $15 per month.

Offices in the new Strettell block, elegantly finished and furnished with all modern conveniences.

M. L. DeCOURSEY,
Real Estate Agent.

AUCTION SALE

Wednesday, May 31, 1.30 p. m.,

Of Parlor Set, Marble Top Chamber Set, Centre Table, Carpets, Chairs, Stoves, Kitchen Goods, &c., at

Harlan House, Huerfano street, between Nevada and Weber.

e-30-2 W. G. HOPKINS, Auctioneer.

Proposals.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of P. P. Furber, supervising architect, until 12 M, on the 31st day of May, 1882, for making proposed alterations in the Central school building, Colorado Springs, in accordance with drawings and specifications which may be seen, or any additional information be had, at Mr. Furber's office.

(Signed) J. F. HUMPHREY,
e 27 4 Sec'y Sch. Dist. No. 11.

Smokers, Ahoy!

Call and Try Some of

W. TRAFFLEY & CO.'S

Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobaccos

SMOKERS' ARTICLES.

New Lot Just Received.

TEJON STREET,

OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE.

d 27 tf

WITH

Insurance Agency

OF

W. R. THORNELL,

"SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL," Of Edinburgh. Assets over $18,000,000. Established 1824.

GLENS FALLS, of Glens Falls, N. Y. Assets $1,115,000. Organized 1849.

"PROVIDENCE-WASHINGTON," of Providence, R. I. Assets $900,000. Incorporated 1799.

Policies Carefully Written at Fair Rates.

Office Over People's Bank.

d 7 tf

IMPORTED ALE AND PORTER

Why get it, when you can buy

An Article Equal at One-Half the Price.

We have now on hand ready for delivery the above goods

EQUAL TO THE IMPORTED

In MEDICINAL QUALITY and FLAVOR and

Far Ahead of any Malt Liquors

Manufactured in this country. If you give them a trial you will use no other. SOLD BY THE DOZEN OR KEG AND DELIVERED BY THE BREWERY WAGON DAILY.

Address Colorado City or Colorado Springs

STOCKBRIDGE & ELWELL, Props.

e 23 tf

NEW BUSINESS TIME

TO FIT OUT

FLOWERING PLANTS

AND AT

Kiowa Greenhouse

Is the Place to Buy Them.

Plants on Sale at Hooker & Stevens'.

R. H. Rice is ready to fill orders for plants, cut flowers and floral work from Monday morning till Saturday night. Funeral orders only taken on Sunday.

The property, including stock of plants, is yet for sale. Terms given on the premises. d-30-tf

THE

Chalybeate

—AT—

Manitou Springs,

is open for the winter. First-class accommodations at reasonable rates.

1tf. R. E. NICHOLS, Proprietor.

S. E. SESSIONS

Contractor & Builder

SHOP In block opposite Postoffice. P. O. Box 85. All work promptly attended to. 6-18-tf

A. SAUENDORF. GEO. S. ROBBINS.

DRUGS! DRUGS!! DRUGS!!!

AT

A. Sauendorf & Co's.

Pure Drugs and Chemicals, Perfumeries, Cosmetics, Toilet Articles and Fancy Goods.

Sole Agents in Colorado Springs for

CREME ANGELIQUE, the ASTHETIC DENTIFRICE.
Lincoln's Hop and Celery Nervine Lozenges. The best article in the market for sleeplessness, nervousness, neuralgia, headache, indigestion and dyspepsia.
KNIGHT'S ASTHMA CURE.

Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours, day or night. e 1 tfy

Read What Follows Carefully!

It is for Your Benefit to Do So.

THE GREATEST INDUCEMENTS

Ever offered to the citizens of Colorado Springs are now presented for the benefit of the public at the

PIKE'S PEAK DRY GOODS EMPORIUM

In view of the lateness of the season we have concluded to offer

our entire stock

—OF—

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Etc., At the Enormous Reductions Given below:

Coats, Dolmans, Listers, Mantles and Ready-made Suits, one-third off regular price.
All Fancy Dress Goods at 20 per cent. off regular price.
All Staple Dress Goods at 10 per cent. off regular price.
All Fancy Moire, Brocade and Surah Silks, 20 per cent. off regular price.
All Staple Black and Plain Colored Silks, 10 per cent. off regular price.
All Table Linens and House Furnishing Goods, 10 per cent. off regular price.
All Blankets, Comforts, and Men's Wear, 10 per cent. off regular price.
All Underwear, Ladies' and Gents', 10 per cent. off regular price.
All Fringes and Passementeries at 10 to 20 per cent. off regular price.
All Fancy and Colored Ribbons at 20 per cent. off regular price.

This is no old stock selling out to close business but a NEW, FRESH, FASHIONABLE AND DESIRABLE STOCK comprising all the latest novelties in the market. Don't waste your money buying old goods but COME TO THE

Pike's Peak Dry Goods Emporium

And buy new and choice goods quite as low as you can buy old goods. Our goods are all marked in plain figures so that every one can see for themselves. There is NO HUMBUG about this. A wise merchant when a dull season comes does not sit down waiting for something to turn up but puts his goods at prices that makes it to the interest of the public to buy and moves his stock in that way. This is what we have done; come and see.

SPECIAL BARGAINS! SPECIAL

300 pieces of Mosquito Nets, all colors, 45 cents per piece, regular price 60 and 65 cents.
One lot of good Calicoes at 5 cents.
Think of entire stock of Wraps comprising every style from Walking Coats at $7 to the richest Satin Mantles at $40 reduced so as to bring a $15 garment to $8.75, and a $40 Wrap to $25.75, and a $20 Ready-made Suit to $13.50.

All of our reductions are made fairly from the usual prices. No goods marked for the purpose of reduction.

This is what we have done and these are the inducements we offer.

This great opportunity to supply yourselves with CHEAP and at the same time CHOICE DRESS GOODS will be continued through MAY AND JUNE ONLY.

COME ONE! COME ALL! TO THE

Pike's Peak Dry Goods Emporium

PIKE'S PEAK AVENUE, ONE DOOR EAST OF TEJON STREET.

FERRIS & JONES

"Veritas ad Finem." d-w-3-1-tf

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

TO THE CITIZENS OF COLORADO SPRINGS AND VICINITY:

Having decided to go out of business we offer our large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS

AND

Furnishing Goods

AT A

GREAT SACRIFICE.

This sale beginning this day, May 16th, will be for CASH and CASH ONLY, as we are anxious to close our entire business at the earliest possible date.

This is a rare chance to buy Staple Goods at less than value and a good opportunity for any one wishing to embark in business, as we will sell at a bargain.

Very respectfully,

Weatherby Bros.

d 1-ly

MAKE NO MISTAKE! DON'T BE MISLED!

Whenever you want anything in the way of

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Clothing,

AND

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

—GO DIRECT TO

SMITH BROS.'

MODEL STORE.

You will there find the Largest Stock, Latest Styles, everything new and Fresh, and prices that no reasonable man can find fault with. We cheerfully show those who do us the favor to call on us through our stock whether they wish to buy or not. We are daily adding new attractions to our new store and will be pleased to see you often.

Terms Cash and Strictly One Price.

d-12-1r SMITH BROS.

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

No. 1253 COLORADO SPRINGS, THURSDAY, JUNE 1, 1882. Price, Five Cents

WASHINGTON NEWS.

The Contested Election Case Settled --Dibble Unseated.

Disgraceful Conduct of Democratic Representatives.

Favorable Report of Military Committee on Porter's Bill.

NOT IN THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—The Mackey-Dibble election case was settled to-day by the swearing of Mackey. The Hisbee-Hall case was afterwards called up and will be pressed until it is settled. Before the case was reached one of the most disgraceful scenes of riot that ever pissed to the house occurred. A resolution proposing the censure of the speaker for his ruling last Monday was introduced by Mclaine and he was cut off from speaking by recognition given Reed to move to lay the resolution on the table. It was after eight o'clock when the gas had been lighted for an hour. The members were hungry and ill-tempered and some seemed to have been drinking. A dozen democrats rose simultaneously to questions of order and privilege. The republicans, who were in a hurry to close the day's work, yelled at the democrats to sit down and have order. The speaker became excited. He grew red in the face and pounded his gavel till it seemed as though his desk would break. Nothing could be heard but a chorus of infernal yells and screeches. A dozen of the members attempted to talk but the words were as inaudible as the prattle of a child. In the excitement members left their seats and crowded in the vacant space before the clerk's desk. Cox was foremost on the democratic side, shouting like a trooper on a charge. "Shut up." "Sit down." "Get out," yelled the republicans, as Cox came to the front. Walking over to the republican side and shaking his diminutive fist in close proximity to several members' noses, Cox defied the majority to put him down. Mills, of Texas, was in the foremost of the fray, yelling like a cowboy after a Chinaman. Reed bellowed like a bull and his nasal snorts were heard at intervals far above the thunder of all the others. Robertson, red as a lobster and blowing like a porpoise, lustily assayed to scream louder than the rest. The shrill shrieks of Miller, of Pennsylvania, frequently pierced the air as the yell of the coyote breaks the stillness of a night on the prairies. Regan, of Texas, gave vent to a series of wild grunts that formed a bass viol accompaniment to Miller's bag pipes. The speaker made as much noise as anybody else, and finally lost his head completely. There is no telling when the row would have ended if Randall, in tremendous tones, had not appealed to the speaker to maintain order, and so appealing, finally secured order himself. Bedlam broke loose on one or two occasions, but at last a vote was taken on the motion to table the resolution, and it was adopted by a party vote.

UTE COMMISSION.

DENVER, May 31.—A Washington special says: The Ute commission cannot enter their duties until necessary funds are appropriated by congress. It is understood that Secretary Teller has selected Richard Sylvester, of Missouri, clerk in the land office for secretary of the commission.

Cutting Rates.

DENVER, May 31.—The passenger war between the D. & N. O. and D. & R. G. has begun. The latter road this morning reduced the rates from Denver to Pueblo from $3 to $2.50. The New Orleans promptly cut by announcing a one dollar rate.

STATE NEWS.

Double Murder at Leadville :Items from Denver.

DENVER, May 31.—A Leadville special says: A blood-curdling double murder was committed about 9 o'clock this morning in front of the Herald office. The victims are Robert Bartamass and one D. W. Fuster, a convict recently released from Canon. Briefly the particulars are: Robert Bartamass, owner and occupant of a cabin back of Capitol hill, was robbed night before last and the robbery was traced to Fuster. Fuster was arrested this morning by a policeman and while they were coming down Third street met Bartamass. Fuster broke away, drew his revolver and fired a shot at each, the policeman and Bartamass. The first ball passed through the officer's coat doing no harm, but the second struck Bartamass in the right breast, passing through his body. Bartamass, after he was shot, fired a rifle which he was carrying at Fuster, the ball striking his leg. Both men staggered a few steps and dropped dead. It is marvelous that no other person was hurt, as many persons were on the street at the time of the shooting.

John L. Wilde was dangerously and Geo. Marshall slightly wounded by the accidental discharge of a pistol a few miles south of this city this morning.

Kantramitz, dealer in clothing at 516 Larimer street, and in millinery at 563 Fifteenth street, has assigned. Liabilities are about $3,000. There are suspicions of crookedness.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

The Body of Zoe Watkins Found in the Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS, Mon, May 30.—The dead body of Miss Zoe Watkins was found in the Mississippi river at the foot of Market street, in the suburb known as Carondelet, at about half-past seven o'clock this morning, by a man named Joseph Ray, who discovered the remains above a driftwood catcher. The body had apparently been in the water for about twelve days, and was very much swollen, the face presenting a horrible sight, and causing a shudder in all who saw it. There was no mark of violence whatever upon the body. Mr. Ray exclaimed on finding the body: "My God! It's Zoe Watkins."

The body was taken to the shore and at once identified. The theory of suicide obtains general credence. It is believed Miss Zoe probably walked from the corner of Twenty-third street and Gamble avenue on the evening of Thursday, May 17th, down to the river and jumped in. The body was taken to the morgue, where a post-mortem examination was held, developing the fact that the unhappy girl died a virgin. The parents are completely grief-stricken. The father exclaimed when the news was told him: "Then all is over." The mother and sister Lillah fainted. The parents have the sincere sympathy of the entire city. The unfortunate young lady's remains will be buried immediately.

Rumors of War in Egypt.

NEW YORK, May 31.—The Herald's Cairo special says: There is a fearful panic at Alexandria. The European population fear for their lives. They are leaving by hundreds. All the steamers are full. A woman, recently confined, has been taken on board to escape the brutality of the soldiers. Arabi is forcing the population to sign a petition to depose the khedive at the bayonet's point, using Hodimpah's name to gain signatures. The soldiers are likely to oppose the landing of the Turkish commission, and will fight. All the churches and places of amusement are closed. Small arms are bought up at famine prices. Arabi now refuses all interviews to correspondents.

The Russian foreign secretary has informed Sir Edward Thornton that Russia, acting in concert with Germany, Austria and Italy, has instructed the representative at Constantinople to support the policy pursued by England and France.

LONDON, May 31.—Natives are escaping from Cairo to avoid signing the petition for the reinstatement of the late ministry. The withdrawal of the ultimatum, the departure of the warships, the recall of consul generals and the dispositions of the khedive that no time must be lost to employ measures for saving the life of the khedive have created great alarm. It is stated that France has ordered additional vessels from Toulon and Tunis to Alexandria.

Another Mining Exhibition.

CHICAGO May 31.—Secretary Reynolds, of the Chicago Inter-State Industrial exposition has arranged for a continental collection and exhibition of ores, minerals, mining implements, etc., to be conducted on an extensive scale under the auspices of the Western Mining bureau. Specimens of ores of important mines of the United States, British America and Mexico will be exhibited.

Fast Mails.

CHICAGO, May 31. The Inter-Ocean had an interview with Postmaster General Howe on fast mails yesterday, which closes thus: "Incidentally it is to the point to say here, although the subject was not suggested by the postmaster general, that if the Union Pacific and Central Pacific should only increase their speed to 25 or 26 miles an hour, on other roads not considered a break-neck speed, two whole days could be saved between New York and San Francisco."

Arthur's Reception.

NEW YORK, May 30.—The Times says: At the conclusion of the parade to-day, President Arthur had a reception at the Fifth Avenue hotel, and about one thousand people were present. Ladies and gentlemen paid their respects to the president. It was at first supposed that the reception was for gentlemen only, and ladies in groups clustered about the door. Presently a gentleman escorting two or three ladies invited them to enter with them and be presented. They assented and were introduced. This was the opening gun, and there was an immediate and general advance of ladies along the line. Gentlemen swooped into the room with from one to four ladies in charge, and all were greeted with smiles. Presently General Hancock approached and President Arthur reached to grasp his hand, saying: "How do you do, General; I am very glad to see you;" and the two gentlemen entered into a conversation which lasted several minutes.

Decoration Day.

Besides the closing of the banks and other places of business, Decoration day passed off very quietly in Colorado Springs. The day was observed by a parade of Company A and the fire department. At nine o'clock the military and several fire companies gathered together in front of the engine house on Huerfano street, and by ten o'clock the procession was formed under the direction of Captain T. H. Burnham and Chief Engineer Pixley, both of whom were mounted on horses. The line of march was taken up in the following order:

First Regiment Cavalry U. N. G. Band.
Company A, First Battalion Cavalry.
Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1.
Matt Prince Hose No. 1.
W. S. Jackson Hose No. 2.
J. M. Stanton Hose No. 3.

The procession followed the line of march as heretofore published in the GAZETTE. As a whole the display was a very creditable one, the military company and all the fire companies being fully represented. The band made its first appearance in public at the head of the line and was the recipient of many compliments on account of the excellence of its music. Under the leadership of Mr. J. B. Knoblock the new band is making rapid progress and rehearsing regularly. It is the intention to make it the crack band of the state, and one that Colorado Springs may well be proud of.

RECONSIDERED.

Last Night's Special Meeting of the City Fathers.

The D. & N. O. Refused the Right of Crossing Huerfano Street.

A Commission Appointed to Adjust Moreno Avenue Grant.

A special meeting of the city council was held in the council chamber last night in accordance with a call to that effect, signed by Mayor Robbins and three other members of the city council. The object of the meeting was to reconsider their action taken last Thursday night in reference to granting a right of way to the Denver & New Orleans road through the city. Notice of the meeting had gained circulation and in consequence there was a large number of interested people present, the lobby, hallway and ante room adjoining the council chamber being crowded.

Mayor Robbins occupied the chair and at eight o'clock, the time set for the meeting, the following aldermen responded to roll-call: Aldermen Brown, Wheeler, Himebaugh, Downing, Crowell, Anderson and Coombs. Mr. Wilson subsequently appeared and took his seat, thus making a full board present. First in order of business came the reading of petitions and communications, and City Clerk McGovney started out with the following from the residents of Moreno avenue:

COLORADO SPRINGS, May 31, 1882.

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of Colorado Springs:

We, the undersigned, residents and owners of property of Moreno avenue, would hereby petition your honorable body to repeal the ordinance, or that part which grants the right of way to the Denver & New Orleans railroad through Moreno avenue, for the following reasons, to-wit:

1st. That more houses front on Moreno avenue than any street south of Vermijo avenue, therefore more damage would result to owners of property.

2d. That Moreno avenue is the narrowest street or avenue in the city.

3d. That Rio Grande street, one block south is wider and has but ten (10) houses on it, whereas Moreno avenue has twenty-three (23), eleven of which front on the street; would, therefore, suggest Rio Grande or the unoccupied grounds south as a more favorable route.

4th. That a large majority of the residents and owners of property on Moreno have never yielded their consent that such right of way should be secured, but on the contrary, have zealously protested, and do hereby protest against the building of said road past our homes; we therefore ask for the repeal of said grant.

	Feet.		Feet
J. L. Miller	50	J. H. Lunn	200
A. T. Huntley	200	Mrs. Sarah Skinner	50
Joseph Gaillard	50	Mrs. Geo. English	50
Mary Powers	50	Mrs. A. Holmes	50
J. I. Clement	300	L. C. Davis	200
F. A. Sperry	50	Colorado Spg's Co.	400

The following petition, signed by seventy-five of the representative men and business firms of Colorado Springs was presented and read:

To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of the city of Colorado Springs:

GENTLEMEN—We, the undersigned property owners and business men of this city, would respectfully petition your honorable body to reconsider the ordinance passed by your honorable body May 25th, 1882, and so amend said ordinance that the right of way granted the Denver and New Orleans railway company shall stop at the south side of Huerfano street.

While we hail the approach of the Denver and New Orleans railroad with pleasure, still we believe that your honorable body did not intend to grant to the Denver and New Orleans railway company such extensive rights as they now claim under the ordinance as it now stands.

A. Sutton,	A. Sagendorf & Co.,
J. F. Love,	G. S. Barnes,
Geo. N. Wheit,	J. P. Barnes,
Ferris & Jones,	John Wilson,
George P. Vanx,	W. H. McIntyre,
F. E. Robinson,	S. C. Skinner,
J. H. Eoff,	Everleth & Taylor,
Giddings & Stillman,	Channing Sweet,
Weatherby Bros.,	J. F. Humphrey,
Brigham & Calloway,	R. R. Taylor,
Durkee & Lee,	M. C. Wilbur,
Oscar Hafner,	F. E. Dow,
Aux & Smith,	E. J. Eaton,
Whipple & Roby,	Nye & Craig,
G. H. Stewart,	Howbert Bros.,
John Potter,	John Lennox,
S. E. Sessions,	Bennett Bros.,
Hooker & Stevens,	Nathan S. Culver,
Thos. C. Parrish,	T. A. McMorris,
C. H. White,	J. H. Barlow,
H. A. Wagner,	O. L. Godfrey,
John W. Brannan,	Jacob Reed, Jr.,
F. D. Sanford,	G. E. Brooks,
H. C. McCreery,	Rose & Burnham,
Linus E. Sherman,	O. W. Church & Co.,
O. H. Dunning,	Chas. Hallowell,
Henry Le B. Wills,	Franc O. Wood,
S. M. Donovan,	S. S. Roberts,
Hundley & Low,	E. N. Bartlett,
L. D. Fauar,	C. W. Conger,
Brusof & Walsh,	Smith Bros.,
Giles Crissey,	J. G. Warner,
Joshua Sumner,	H. Halthesen,
George L. King,	Otto von Teamar,
W. C. Stark,	J. D. O'Haire,
C. T. Barton (per agt),	T. W. Hull,
John Stanley, Jr.,	John Stanley, Sr.

He next read the following communication from Dr. W. A. Bell, president of the Colorado Springs company, in reference to the public parks:

To the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of Colorado Springs:

DEAR SIRS—Having only recently been elected an executive officer of the Colorado Springs company, I was not aware of the objectionable features which attach to the ownership, by the city, of Acacia place and Alamo square, by which public and Springs company buildings may be erected thereon by the city or the Springs company.

I write on behalf of the Springs company to say that the company is ready and willing at any time to join with the city authorities in freeing the above public squares of the objectionable features above referred to, so that they may always remain open spaces for the use and benefit of the people of this town.

Yours faithfully,
WM. A. BELL,
President of the Colorado Springs Co.

Immediately afterward the following communication from Dr. Bell to Mr. J. H. Lunn was read:

J. H. Lunn, Esq., Colorado Springs:

DEAR SIR—On behalf of the Colorado Springs company I beg to inform you that if, as property owner of more than one-half the property on each side of Fountain street, will give its sanction to a single or double track being laid through said street by the Denver and New Orleans railroad company, provided the city council prevents the railroad company from penetrating north of the south line of Huerfano street or interfering with the hotel property and Experimental Garden.

Yours faithfully,
WILLIAM A. BELL,
President Colorado Springs Co.
GEO. H. PARSONS, Sec'y.

Alderman Crowell arose and moved that the same amendment to the ordinance as made by Alderman Wilson on Monday night striking out the word north and inserting the word south be adopted which was seconded by Alderman Himebaugh. Mr. Crowell in presenting the motion stated that a petition signed by many of our best citizens asking that the road be confined to the south side of Huerfano street had been presented and should be recognized. The petitions and communications as read were accepted and ordered placed on file.

At the suggestion of Alderman Brown the two communications read at the special meeting of the council held on Monday night were again read.

Judge Williams, who was present as city attorney at the request of the council, was asked whether, in his opinion, the amendment as suggested could be made and would cover the ground. He said that the amendment as offered would not have the desired purpose if the latter part of section 1st of the original ordinance giving the Denver & New Orleans road the right of extending its branch lines, spurs, and side tracks upon or over any property that the company might own or hereafter acquire to depot grounds, warehouses, siding, etc., was not stricken out. He also gave as his opinion that they might cross under certain contingencies, but inasmuch as they had not procured consent from the property owners adjoining the right of way north of Huerfano street. Mr. Williams said that out of justice to Mr. Campbell he would say that the original ordinance had not been drawn up by him, but had been sent from Denver.

Alderman Crowell said that if the amendment as proposed would not fill the bill, that the attorney be instructed to draw up one that would.

The defects in the ordinance were brought to notice; for instance that part relating to the number of tracks, siding and spurs. Some seemed to think that this right as given was very liberal. In response to a question Judge Williams said that as he looked at it the D. & N. O. road could under the ordinance as adopted cover Moreno avenue or the other street through which it run with a complete network of tracks.

Alderman Coombs asked that the council not vote on the amendment too hastily. As for himself he would like to have more enlightenment, and as some of the representatives of the Colorado Springs company and some of the Moreno avenue residents were present he would suggest that they be heard from.

On motion of Alderman Anderson an invitation was extended to the representatives of any corporation or of the citizens to address the council on the subject before them.

In response to this Dr. W. A. Bell, president of the Colorado Springs company, addressed the council. He began by saying: I would like to say a few words to you this evening. In the first place it is probably well known to all present that the three companies who are most deeply interested in the welfare of Colorado Springs, viz: D. & R. G., Colorado Springs company, and lately the Hotel company are influenced by one motive to benefit the town none of which, up to the present time, have exercised any effort whatsoever to prevent the entrance of the D. & N. O. into the town. He then briefly referred to the extraordinary character of the ordinance which had been passed, showing that the city's interests had been in every respect neglected. He spoke of the different routes by which the Denver & New Orleans could come into the city and continue to Manitou without injuring private property or mutilating any public property. He repeated the substance of his communications to the council and Mr. Lunn, and said the Colorado Springs company would favor granting any reasonable right of way to the Denver & New Orleans. Several questions were asked and answered.

Alderman Wilson then read an amendment which Attorney Williams thought effectual as to the stopping of the road on the south side of Huerfano street, and Alderman Crowell said that if it covered the ground better than the one first introduced he would withdraw his motion.

Alderman Downing thought that another important feature which should be given consideration was that of governing the grade of the road through the streets. As Judge Williams interpreted the ordinance required the company to make switch approaches at the street crossings, but beyond that did not provide for any specified grade.

[Continued on Third Page.]

COLORADO COLLEGE.

First Regular Announcement Exercises in its History.

Orations of the Graduates, Hallock and Tuckerman.

Dedication Exercises Inauguration of President Tenney.—

Yesterday was the most important day that has yet come in the history of Colorado college. This morning our institution of learning rejoices in the possession of two alumni.

The college chapel had been neatly decorated for the occasion, most of this work having been done by the college's girls. Evergreens were around the windows and tastefully draped elsewhere. Above the platform on the wall framed with flowers was "1882," while immediately above the desk was a large floral horse-shoe. Among the other attractive features around the chapel desk were quite a quantity of flowers and the faculty.

Among those present were Rev. R. T. Cross, of Denver, Professor Thomas H. Haskell, Denver, Professor Blount of the agricultural school, Fort Collins, Professor Charles R. Bliss, of the New West Education commission, and Rev. Mr. Armstrong.

Notwithstanding the threatening of the early afternoon, the weather behaved admirably, and the chapel was crowded full.

The exercises were opened with an invocation by Rev. W. L. Slutz, pastor of the M. F. church. After a pianoduet by Miss DeLange and Miss Marden, which was well received, Mr. Parker Sedgwick Hallock read his oration on "Civil Service Reform."

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

Of all the subjects that demand the thoughtful attention of Americans there are few so important as civil service reform.

This must inevitably be, in the near future, an issue that will profoundly stir the public mind. It is a live issue and will come to the front, despite the efforts of senators, congressmen and other prominent spoilsmen to prevent it.

Public sentiment is already in its favor; and both our great parties for half a generation have recognized this growing sentiment in their national platforms. Official patronage is, after slavery, the greatest evil that has cursed our politics for half a century. The spoils supply the sinews of political strife or animate the hopes of those who run the machine, and make bossism and political tyranny possible.

To better understand the nature of this gigantic evil, and how to cope with and destroy it, let us for a time glance at its deeply interesting history. Its origin and development in Great Britain will chiefly interest us.

It originated in the early period when the absolute will of the sovereign was the highest fountain of law; when neither economy nor justice were deemed essential in administration; when neither character nor capacity were considered requisites for office under the king. We do not need to go so far back in English history to find the sovereign not simply reigning but ruling in the most personal and arbitrary manner. The kingdom was only his private patrimony; the people his serfs; and the administration the expression of his personal will toward them as occupants of his domains.

Political parties did not exist, in the modern sense of the word, until the beginning of the eighteenth century. None before William III. had ever attempted party rule, or had any need of parties. Strife and factions there were, 'tis true, for there was patronage; and "where the carcass is there will the eagles be gathered together." In those halcyon days of spoils, offices and titles of honor were given away at the caprice of the king, or openly sold for money without a thought of shame or the least regard to the fitness of the recipients.

The creed of the infamous Judge Barnard of New York—"This patronage is mine"—was the theory of administration from William the Conqueror to William of Orange and with thorough consistency this was applied to religion as well as to politics.

* * * * * * *

With the accession of George IV there came also a radical change in the English administration. Then it was that the principle was first applied "that the higher offices in the customs should be supplied from the ranks below." From this point the British service has never receded and it may be set down as so much gained by the pressure of a healthful public opinion which had long been growing in power. Here we find the first great gain in the weary struggle which was to continue another forty years ere its full fruition came. The same year was laid the foundation of our spoils system in a law limiting the term of surveyors, collectors and postmasters to four years, thus inducing them, if they wished to continue in office, to become partisans of the party in power. In the light of the vast evil which this has wrought, our congress is now considering a bill to include revenue collectors also, and this to still further swell the horde of henchmen for our great bosses.

At the time when the foundation for our national spoils system was laid there was already the greatest corruption in the politics of the 'Empire state,' whence, with the aid of the law just enacted, it rapidly and with little resistance, passed into the executive department of the nation.

These are some of the articles of creed which have prevailed in both parties, and shaped the national administration for fifty years:

First—"Politics is a game whose prizes are offices and contracts."

Second—"Fidelity to party is the sole virtue of the politician." "He only is the true politician who would vote for the devil if regularly nominated." "Bolting is the only unpardonable sin."

Third—"No man must be allowed to suffer for fidelity to party, no matter how odious he makes himself to the people."

Fourth—"Editors are to be unscrupulously used but never fully trusted."

Fifth—"The end and aim of the politician is to keep great men down and to put little men up. Great men are dangerous, even as tools."

These are some of the principles by which their infamous author, Aaron Burr, rose to the vice-presidency. Such did his apt pupil, Van Buren, receive from him, and transmit to the hero of New Orleans.

This much lauded democratic saint, while studying what should be his policy as president, said: "I am not a politician, but if I were, I would be a New York politician."

It may be added that he did become a politician of that particular type which he so much admired.

In 1829, with Van Buren for secretary of state, he gave these nefarious doctrines a national application. He was the first president base enough to say: "To the victor belongs the spoils," though it was openly advocated on the floor of the United States senate.

With time this Borrian code has been revised in form, though the spirit is unchanged. It now includes the assessment of federal officials for party purposes and enforces them on pain of dismissal from office. Another precious principle has been added for the management of the primaries in which it is decided who shall be the candidates for whom the people shall vote. Burr's principle was that "the people must not be allowed to think for themselves." Our modern bosses say "The primaries must not be open to all, but only to those who pledge themselves to obey the leaders, to support every nomination, and to follow all the instructions of the majority." And they say: "These are the party and the only ones entitled to share the offices and profits."

This is the creed of those who run our political machines and attempt through them, under the guise of senatorial courtesy, to dictate to the president of the United States whom he may appoint collector of New York or postmaster at Confedrit Cross Roads, foreign minister or door-keeper. Such is the machine to enforce whose dictates two of its tyrannical bosses resigned their places in the United States senate. These are the detestable principles whose influence filled the assassin's brain and sent the leaden messenger of death through the vitals of Garfield. Would that all the people might understand them and abhor! Would that they might be gibbeted a month hence on the same accursed with the loathsome assassin! Partisan tyrants now control our elections through funds raised by assessing the salaries of federal officials. They raise those salaries and multiply the offices that they may have more funds with which to corrupt and bribe. So great and so manifest are the evils of our public service that it is becoming a reproach to our republican institutions and hindering the progress of freedom abroad as well as retarding it at home.

* * * * * * *

These facts show us that reform is as feasible as it is desirable; hence it only remains for us to consider the best method.

There are those who expect to see reform brought about by a tide of public opinion, which shall be sudden and swelling in action and results; but we are compelled to conclude that the prospect for this is not flattering. The evil is too deep-rooted, permeating every branch of the government. In its interest the term of federal officials and judges of state courts has been shortened that they might become partisans and henchmen of our tyrants who dominate the "machine." It has, by debasing the public service, made it impossible for the best men to obtain an office or to hold one with self-respect. It has removed almost every motive which might make the public servants honest and honorable; and taught them to regard themselves as the menials of the collector or postmaster and accountable only to him. It has fortified itself against public opinion or taught the people to believe the present state of things unavoidable under a republican government.

Second. There are those who pretend to think that reforms must come from within party lines, and be brought about by party or not at all. Even so great a journal as the New York Tribune preaches this; but if we refer again to our history, both at home and abroad, we find that the facts do not support the theory. In England party government had obtained for 160 years before the reform movement came to a successful issue, and then parties had nothing to do with its achievement, save to hinder it as long as possible. In our congress party lines disappeared entirely, when it came in 1873 to voting a small appropriation to carry on the competitive examinations begun at New York in March of 1871. The spoils party was the only one represented in it; for the appropriation was voted down without a division or a record. It was not even asked whether the merit system of appointment was producing good results or not; nay in the face of the strongest recommendations from President Grant; so the parties reformed the public service, though one party was then pledged to it.

Think you that congress will make ports of entry and establish custom houses at such interior towns as Denver and Salt Lake City, and then voluntarily surrender for the public good the patronage secured thereby? No indeed, not in the present state of human nature, especially of the average congressional human nature as it exists—after election.

Third. We have seen that three great years in Britain, each of which brought about more or less reform, were none of them able to secure permanent results for want of a strong and vigorous public opinion behind them to maintain what had been gained for the people. We have seen that when the voice of the people firmly demanded it, competitive examinations were introduced which permitted any man to secure a place in the service if capable, and if faithful and trustworthy also, to keep the same or be promoted.

With the merit system of appointment and promotion, parliamentary interference has ceased, the tone of the service has been raised, men being now found who take an honest pride in the faithful discharge of their duties. They are no longer disfranchised, as for a century previous to 1871 they were, to prevent their interference with elections. These facts teach us to expect reform only through the creation and fostering of a public sentiment that shall insist on the purification of the public service so determinedly that political tyranny shall be driven from among us. They teach us that to purify the service we must have competitive examinations open to every American citizen to secure the selection of the fittest, and then removed from office only for a righteous cause. We must have also promotion in the service for efficiency and trustworthy, so that men may take an honest pride in their calling, and make it, indeed, a vocation, not an avocation. What we need first of all, is trusting in the justice and patriotism of their country.

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No claims will be allowed against any employe of the GAZETTE to offset any of our accounts.

All advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.

Advertising agents are respectfully notified that we do not print any advertising from them.

B. W. STEELE,
Manager of the GAZETTE.

Only lack of space prevents our publication of the admirable address of President Tenney yesterday. The last commencement at Colorado College is one of the most important events in the history of the city, and is deserving of all the attention it received.

The Republic, as an organ of the people, published its usual amount of editorial correspondence yesterday. The letters as usual were all on one side. It was strange that the Moreno avenue people and the cause which the business men represent found no expression in this correspondence.

A member of the council said last night that he should move that by unanimous consent the editor of the GAZETTE be permitted to apologize for his severe language regarding the council, but the opportunity was not given. This action last night showed that the council had the desire to watch the city's interests and to represent the sentiment of the city. We presume it was the same last Thursday night and hence we make our amend.

Mr. J. F. Humphrey retires to-day from the position of cashier of the First National bank and goes east for a good rest, which his work for the past four years has rendered imperative. He has had great success in the position he has occupied. The bank has grown in every way since he became connected with it. During much of the time he has had all the responsibility and deserves therefore a large amount of the credit for the bank's prosperity. We are glad he has decided not to withdraw entirely from active business and that he will still be the controlling manager of the gas company.

RIGHT OF WAY.

The action of the council last night will meet with the unanimous approval of the people of this city. It was taken only to prevent the Denver & New Orleans from obtaining any vested rights in crossing Huerfano street which it might obtain to-day when the ordinance goes into effect. It was not really abridging the rights of the company, as when the ordinance was passed, Mr. Lowrie said he should not probably want to go north of Huerfano street for a year if at all. The council was unanimous in its action. There was no filibustering, but an honest and earnest desire to do the best thing possible for the city.

The action was not in any sense inimical to the Denver & New Orleans; but was simply a proper safeguard for the city. Mr. Lowrie stated that he had obtained some rights simply to force others from rival corporations. The city can hardly lend itself to such purposes. It should freely grant any reasonable right of way that is to be occupied and asked for in good faith. Mr. Lowrie said that he expected opposition from certain quarters, but we think he is entirely mistaken. The people of this city are anxious to have the Denver & New Orleans come here and will show its good will in any reasonable manner. We have affirmed this before and affirm it now. We know of no element that will place a single obstacle in the way of granting a reasonable right of way. The Denver & Rio Grande comes into the city without passing through a single street and only across two. The Denver & New Orleans can easily pick out a similar route. Or if it insists there will be little or no objection to the route through Fountain and Sahwatch streets. We trust the committee on the part of the council and the citizens will amicably arrange all misunderstandings and report at an early date an ordinance satisfactory alike to the city and the Denver & New Orleans company.

THAT ORDINANCE.

The eyes of the council were opened last night to the remarkable ordinance which was passed giving the Denver and New Orleans a right of way through the city. Judge Williams by special request acted as city attorney and gave his opinion when it was asked. Considerable surprise was felt that the attorney should not have told the council the character of the ordinance that was being passed. Judge Williams apologized for him by saying the ordinance was drawn in Denver and that Mr. Campbell had nothing to do with it. This only makes it so much the worse. That he should have allowed perhaps the broadest railroad ordinance ever passed to have been presented by him as city attorney to the city council because subsidized by a railroad was an outrage which few public officers have been guilty of. The members of the council naturally did not scan the ordinance carefully, trusting to Mr. Campbell's professional ability to point out anything wrong. There was but one thing for him to have done and that was to have resigned his city attorneyship. A few of the extraordinary features of the ordinance are as follows:

According to this ordinance depot and yard grounds were granted one mile in length and one hundred feet wide through Moreno avenue and Sahwatch street. In this they could store freight cars, build warehouses, etc. They could lay as many tracks as the width of the streets would allow, and in fact the entire area of Moreno avenue and Sahwatch street were condemned for railroad purposes. Such extraordinary rights were never granted unless it was in entirely do away with any business or residence on those streets. Both in Pueblo and Denver the railroad bought such grounds, but in this city they were given away and out of the public streets too.

Judge Williams also states that according to the ordinance, the company might acquire depot grounds on Weber street or any other part of the city, and the ordinance gives the company right to connect with these by switches and turnouts, running from the main line described in the ordinance. This gives the company the entire freedom of the city with the right to run anywhere.

Another feature is that nothing is said about grades. The city advisor said that the company might do anything it liked between street crossings. It could build high embankments or deep cuts. City ordinances usually specify the grade, especially where the grade of the road could be the grade of the street as easily as in this city. The only power the city engineer has, is at street crossings, and then he can only see that the work is workmanlike.

The ordinance also has some absurd features as in the third section where the city assumes to exercise powers which it does not possess. It has the air of the verdant attorney that the bond has which binds the Denver and New Orleans, its heirs, assigns, administrators, executors, etc. Whether this is a Denver production or a Colorado Springs production we cannot tell. We hope it is the former. This same section gives the Denver and New Orleans the right to "run its cars onto the tracks of other railroads," and also gives the Denver and New Orleans the right "to allow" the other roads to run their cars on the Denver and New Orleans tracks. This is an extraordinary distinction.

The only thing that can really be done is to repeal the ordinance and then begin afresh to pass a new one, with a city attorney to advise the city of its rights. As an alderman said last night, the ordinance seems to have been drawn to secure every possible right for the railroad with no proper safeguards for the city. There is scarcely a line that can remain unchanged, and to patch it up properly will be very difficult, tiresome work. After the conference the council may come to some agreement with the Denver & New Orleans, and then a new ordinance can be drawn just and equitable to all parties.

COLORADO COLLEGE.

(Concluded from First Page.)

men; men who will not fear the storm which must come sooner or later, but will stand forth as tribunes of the people and demand in the people's name that the public business shall be conducted on business principles.

After applause and boquets Mr. Frederick Wells Tuckerman delivered an oration on "A Popular View of Philosophy."

A POPULAR VIEW OF PHILOSOPHY.

Philosophy merits our attention, since it claims to solve problems which, from their very nature are of universal interest. It especially deserves our notice by the method which it employs in searching for the truth. Hence we ask, what is philosophy? What are its aims? What has been its success?

As it stands in the light of history, philosophy is represented by a multitude of attempts at philosophical thought, more or less elaborated into systems. But the distinction between philosophical systems and philosophy itself is largely theoretical. Philosophy can be known to us only by the systems which represent it. It is a method of gaining all knowledge, and as a method its distinctive feature is that it limits itself to the mental power of man alone. It begs no favors and accepts no gifts. Rejecting all aid from science and revelation it starts with nothing but thinking power and aims by its own efforts to arrive at all truth.

Our position in regarding the progress and results of philosophy must of necessity be an external one. To follow out the intricate reasoning of each system would be to make ourselves philosophers. We may not attain to the heights of philosophical knowledge, but standing apart upon the ground of common thought, may view at once fully and impartially.

If for a moment we consider the men and schools which have represented philosophy what do we see? Looking back to the Grecian civilization we behold first the Ionic sages, searching in nature for the ground of all concrete being. We see the Pythagorgans, the Eleatics and the Heraclitics engaged in the same vain search. The Sophists, like intellectual scavengers, clear the way for the great minds about to follow. We now behold Socrates, crooked indeed of body, but most upright of soul, frequenting the market places, teaching young men the way of virtue. We next see Plato, surrounded by the multitude of his pupils, and the learned Aristotle, teaching in the shady walks of the Lyceum. With these pyramids of intellect the progress of Grecian thought slackens. We next behold the partial schools of the stolid Stoics the sensuous Epicureans and the restless Skeptics. The new academy arises and worries through a century or two. Neo-Platonism attempts a system which shall cope with the new and vigorous religion of Jesus of Galilee, and in its failure the spirit of ancient thought gasps itself away. The Romans are but copyists of their Grecian teachers. In the dark centuries following the fall of the empire, opinion is bound with the fetters of church creed, and philosophy is unknown. At last the skeptical Descartes breaks the way for modern progress, and philosophy has new birth. In England flourishes the acute thought of Locke and Hume. Wolff teaches philosophy in the German language, and thereupon arises a long train of patient, plodding thinkers, among whom tower the lofty minds of Kant and Fichte, of Schelling and Hegel. With Comte's positive philosophy we reach the nearer bounds of history, and Spencer belongs to the present.

Turning to the philosophical systems which these and other men have developed, we find in them great variety of method and greater diversity of aim. But in these respects all systems may be reduced to the two general classes of ancient and modern philosophy. From Thales to Anaxagoras the general tendency was toward the explanation of the phenomena of nature. A first principle was sought, and found in water, in air, in the abstractions of number and being, and in unthinkable atoms. With Socrates came into prominence mind as an element distinct from matter, and henceforth the problem of philosophy assumed the form of a search for an absolute unifying principle, for the source of all knowledge and the way to virtue and happiness.

What was its success? The search was for unity. The result was duality. Along the whole course of philosophical thought ran a gaping fissure of dualism—a two-foldness of mind and matter, of thought and being, now narrow and almost closed, now widening into a yawning chasm which engulfs the systems which attempt to bridge it. With modern philosophy the problem is the same. In Italy its form is mysticism; in France the grossest materialism and sensualism—a veritable philosophy of dirt. With Locke and Leibnitz it plainly takes a double course, of realism on the one hand and idealism on the other. Kant takes a new standpoint, and by him and his followers down to our own time, logical thought has been built up into systems seemingly almost complete. But even in these the same defect of dualism remains. It has been the inevitable result of all speculative thought.

The happiness and the virtue of ancient philosophy were invariably to be found in philosophy alone. Then these blessings were placed in safety far above the reach of the meddlesome common people. Modern philosophy separates itself just as far from the ordinary mind. Its knowledge is confessedly unteachable to the common understanding; its world becomes a delusion and its God a fathomless abyss. At one time it tells us most gravely that only the Ego exists, at another that we are nothing but a series of sensations. It now denies the being of God, now finds him in the relations of sensless matter and now in our own fickle wills.

The results of human logic are astonishing. The devout Frenchman Condillac, in the outcome of his well-meant but sensualistic philosophy, arrived at conclusions which by their baseness frightened him, and Hunle reasoned himself out of existence. But logic is not the only blind guide of philosophy. Obscurity of terms has often defeated its aims. Even the strongest thinkers are led astray by the deceitfulness of their own words. Heraclitus was well called the obscene, since Socrates himself could not understand him. Wolff indeed taught philosophy to speak German, and more's the pity. In the dense foliage of that cloudy language it has been hidden ever since. The honest-minded student in tracing out the arguments of each philosophical system, if not lost in a labyrinth of logic is bewildered in a jungle of senseless words. Who can form a clear conception of a monad? What does the philosopher mean when he says that "objects are nothing other than the different impacts of the activity of the Ego upon some incomprehensible hindrance?" If we are amused by Fichte's definition of a thing, what shall we say to Spencer's well-known definition of evolution?" Philosophy is full and bursting with such chaff of words.

The philosopher has often taken a one-sided standpoint. Seeing the two-foldness of the universe he has taken up his position upon the side of matter or of mind and attempted to bring all things to his ground. Hence he has either made the material world a delusion or a divinity, and man a God or a brute. In the reaction from the bondage of the dark ages he has abused his freedom of thought to overthrow every general opinion, however well founded, because of its attending dogmatisms. Schopenhauer declares the being of a personal God absurd, and Fichte calls every such conception an abomination. Men have followed their heads instead of their hearts. The gift of reason has been exalted above its Giver. The Creator has been argued out of his creation. In the vain search for the cold North Pole of knowledge men have frozen their very souls.

Such are some of the results of philosophical thought. Instead of unity is found duality; in place of clear and certain knowledge there is a cloud of doubt; for happiness and virtue we are presented with Dead Sea apples of sensualism and clanging chains of duty.

But are there no good results of philosophy? Have centuries of hard thought been expended in vain? It cannot be. It has been fruitful in many respects. Though it is often difficult to distinguish its own developments from those of some other method of truth, it has one result which is plainly and purely its own; a result unlooked for but most happy. The vain strivings after the absolute by the best intellect of ages clearly demonstrates the fact that the power of the human mind is limited. Well does the ancient writer ask, "Can a man by searching find out God unto perfection?" The finite cannot comprehend the infinite. In this truth we may find rest. The useless struggles of reason to reach the unknown may here cease. Here and here only is the place of faith.

For more than two thousand years philosophy has been trying to solve its problems. Its growth has been great, but its fruit small and bitter. It has ever been confined to the few, and it ever will be. It requires both time and quietude to find a growth in the human mind. The man whose days are spent in an unceasing struggle for gold or bread can barely attain to the heights of philosophical thought.

Hence we are led to ask, is there not something better? Some free and abundant source of light and rest for the common mind? The question is needless. By the glad hearts and happy homes of our land, by the noble men whom we honor, by the grand country which we love, we are answered. Faith triumphs over reason, and led by her hand, from the husks of human understanding we gladly turn to the bread of life. Nor need we ever fear that our ground of confidence will be taken from us. The truth which we receive upon the evidence of faith is more sure for us than can be any result of reason. Truth is but one. Error cannot abide. The utmost developments of philosophy can but unveil the hidden loveliness of that Truth which has ever been beautiful to men even when shrouded in the gloom of ignorance. Let us, then, rejoicing in the dawn of life and immortality, put aside all doubts and fears and await in patience the coming of the perfect day.

Mr. Tuckerman was also greeted with flowers and plaudits.

President Tenney then said that the diploma should be presented by one long identified with the college, one in whose hands he felt so easy when necessarily absent. "Professor Sheldon," said he, "has been in a special manner your teacher."

Professor Sheldon then made a short address to the graduates. He told how 180 years ago Yale college had graduated as its first class one student, now yearly sending out over 200. He told them that this honor no one could take away. A long line should follow after them, increasing from year to year. Congratulating them, congratulating the college, the professor said that the best wishes of the faculty and the whole college went with them.

Professors Marden and Bacon and Messrs. Barnes and Dennis then sang "Not Through Glory's Myrtle Arches," after which came the dedication of the college. The service had been printed and distributed among the audience. The audience rose while Professor Marden read the following service, the people joining in the last part:

To the praise and the glory of Him whose presence fills all time and all space, by whose blessing our hands have been strengthened and guided in this work;

To Him in the service of man in all coming generations;

To the dissemination of sound learning bequeathed to us from former ages and wrought by the living age;

To the advancement of youth in all liberal studies;

To the study of the world as God's world;

To the inculcation of broad and generous principles of judgment and action;

To the endeavor that the spirit of humanity and of sympathy with the fortunes of the human race may be breathed into the youth by all their studies;

To the upbuilding of spiritual manhood; that our youth may go forth to fight the battles of good will, and of patience and of faith;

Praying that God will accept our offering, and humbly invoking His presence to abide with us always;

Congregation: We, the friends of Colorado college, in behalf of the college trustees, and at their request, do now dedicate this house in the name of God, of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit. Amen.

—The audience still standing, Rev. Dr. A. C. Kirkwood, pastor of the Presbyterian church, offered prayer.

A solo by Mrs. C. E. Eldridge, received with much favor, preceded the inauguration of the president. Professor J. H. Kerr, representing the board of trustees, made an address recounting what Mr. Tenney has done for the college, and speaking in complimentary terms of the first alumni. He then greeted Mr. Tenney as president and delivered over to him the keys of the college.

President Tenney's fine address occupied about an hour and a quarter and was exceedingly interesting throughout. For want of space we are unable to publish it this morning but will do so in a subsequent issue.

The male quartette gave a very satisfactory rendering of another song and Rev. James B. Gregg, pastor of the Congregational church, pronounced the benediction.

Such of those present as desired went below to partake of the bread and butter, cake and coffee, which made up the simple refreshments. Eating, singing, and a social time kept many there until about seven o'clock, when the president expressed thanks for the occasion. But a number of young people stayed even after this and enjoyed themselves with singing.

The arrangements had been well made, and things went off smoothly. As a matter of interest to college friends, a "register of names of donors to the building fund" was circulated through the audience.

Colorado college has seen a great day. May the future bring such days and better days year by year as the lustrums roll away. —*Victoria result.*

Everleth & Taylor,

Dealers in

GROCERIES,

FLOUR AND PROVISIONS,

Corner Pike's Peak avenue and Tejon street Colorado Springs. 13-18-tf

CHEYENNE TAKE

ICE!

HAMMOND & ILES.

Orders for delivery left on the Slate at the GAZETTE office will be promptly delivered.

J. H. HAMMOND. HARRY ILES. d-9-tf

FOR BROS'

DAIRY,

Corner Tejon and Kiowa Streets.

Milk and its products delivered by team to all parts of the city. Connection by telephone with all parts of the city and Manitou. 6-17-tf

SINTON BROS.,

DAIRY,

Near Cor. Wahsatch and Willamette Aves.

Milk delivered to all parts of the city morning and evening. 6-16-1m

Colorado for Invalids

By DR. S. E. SOLLY,

FOR SALE BY

AT

HOWBERT BROS.

WHIPPLE & ROBY,

Contractors and Builders,

NEVADA AVENUE.

El Paso County Bank,

COLORADO SPRINGS.

Transacts a general banking and exchange business.

J. H. BARLOW, Ass't Cashier. W. S. JACKSON, Cashier.

OSTRANDER & THOMAS,

DEALERS IN—

LUMBER

AND

Building Material of All Kinds,

INCLUDING

BUILDING PAPER, CEMENT, HAIR, PAINTS, GLASS, &c.

Nevada Avenue, South of Huerfano Street.

F. G. ROWE,

Real Estate.

MONEY LOANED.

On good real estate security.

FOR SALE!

BUSINESS OPENING, in one of the most successful houses in the city. But moderate capital required. This is a rare opportunity for securing a safe and prosperous business.

Beautiful cottage with large and attractive grounds on N. Tejon st. near public square. A gem. $5,500.

Hay ranch, one of the best in the state, cuts an average of 200 tons hay yearly, besides several hundred acres tillable land under ditch with abundance of water in the driest season, 8 miles fenced one way by 6 the other.

House of 7 rooms, porch, &c., on a beautiful corner lot on North Nevada ave, near center of city; fine lawn and shade trees, &c. Lot fronts south and west. $3,650.

Brick house on Huerfano street; bath, collar, large lawn, trees, &c. This place is nice condition inside and out, in good neighborhood, and will rent to pay fine interest on the investment; $1,800.

Two choice lots on North Weber street, near city water; $850 each.

Large corner lot with nice residence on Huerfano st.; $3,600.

Splendid corner on North Tejon st., 80x100, fronting south and east; city water to pass the lot; good fence and shade trees. A very desirable corner; $1,200. Also a good inside lot well fenced and near the above, 100x190, for $800.

Small house on South Nevada ave, $750, lot 50x190.

House of 2 rooms on South Nevada ave.; lot 50x190; $550.

Very pretty house on South Nevada avenue, 5 rooms, bay window, China closet, connecting parlors, high ceilings, nice finish, (native wood); lot 50x190; within five minutes walk of postoffice; $2,000.

20 acre ranch close to town; $1,100.

New two story house on North Nevada ave., modern style and first class in every respect; $5,000.

Pretty cottage on Nevada ave., three blocks from postoffice, with nice lot 100x190, good good lawn, garden, strawberry bed, &c., $2,100. Bargain.

Rare chance. Very nice pleasant cottage of six rooms completely furnished, in payments to suit. Location is excellent (Nevada ave. near Pike's Peak ave.) House is new, well built and home like. A very desirable property, close to centre of business. $3,300 for house and furniture complete, small payment down, long time on balance.

Cottage house on N. Tejon st., near first-class business property. This is a choice location, and can be had at a real bargain for a few days. Do not fail to see it.

Very choice business property on Tejon st., one of the best locations in the city.

New residence on Cascade avenue, 9 rooms, 3 closets, trunk room, large bath room, pantry and China closet, bay window. All sash in the house on weights. Hot and cold water up stairs and down, with most complete plumbing, ventilation and sewerage. One of the finest lawns in the city, $4,700. Very cheap property.

Fine place on Nevada avenue near Kiowa street; excellent house, attractive grounds, central location, price $6,000. The above is a very cheap and desirable property.

Corner lot with two nice houses on west side Weber st. north of Pike's Peak avenue. This is a splendid property either for residence purposes or as an investment as it is in one of the best locations in the city and pays good interest.

I have for sale a few vacant lots on North Nevada avenue near the lands of the North End Improvement company and in the vicinity of some of the finest residences in the city, which I will sell very low to parties agreeing to make good improvements.

Fine new residence on North Nevada ave. near St. Vrain st.; lot 100x190; house of 7 rooms built by day's work in best of manner. Splendid location and very cheap place.

Residence on Pike's Peak avenue can be had at a bargain.

Fine corner lot on Pike's Peak avenue with house of 10 rooms, good barn, lawn, shade trees, etc., $3,500; one of the cheapest properties in the market.

Lot 50x100 on Cheyenne ave., with house of 4 rooms, closets, pantry and stone cellar. This is a well built house and would rent for 20 per month.

Ranch of 160 acres 17½ miles south of city, 100 acres land fenced which is tillable, and under ditch, 1½ acres alfalfa, good boxhouse and out-buildings. This ranch combines hay land and tillable land with one of the best ranges for cattle or sheep in the state; $1,500.

Two-story residence of 7 rooms on South Weber st. Fine grounds, stable, etc. Lot 50x190, $3,000. The improvements alone on this property are well worth the money.

FINE BUSINESS.—I have for sale the very prosperous business of Mr. Norton on Kiowa street near Tejon, including a large amount of nice furniture.

Cottage house 6 rooms, on west side Wahsatch ave. near Cucharas st, $1,500, rents for $18.

Corner lot on South Nevada ave. $275. Lot adjoining above for $225.

Cozy place on North Tejon st., lot 50x190, house well adapted for two small families. Half of the house is now rented for $25 per month. Excellent location, $2,800.

Very pleasant cottage on South Nevada av., for $950.

Corner lot 50x100 on South Cascade avenue with new house of 5 rooms, bay window, etc.; very pleasant place, $1,500.

Small place of 3 rooms on Costilla st.

Splendid corner 50x100 on Tejon st., $1,500.

One of the best residences on N. Cascade avenue, with large finely kept grounds; can be had for a few days at a low figure.

Corner lot 50x100 on South Tejon st. with 7 rooms, closet and cellar, $1,800.

Very pretty 1½ story house of 8 rooms on the west side North Tejon st.; nice porches, lawn, etc., good barn, $4,300.

Splendid sheep ranch, 4½ miles from city limits; 8,000 acres under fence also good division fences, excellent sheds 6½ feet high. Stone house 7 large rooms, several cabins, corrals, abundance of water, and as good facility for handling a large number of sheep as can be found in the state.

Rare opportunity for sheep business on a large scale, and near city.

FOR RENT.

Elegantly furnished house on the northwest corner of Tejon st. and Willamette ave., of 7 rooms, barn, etc., fine lawn, splendid neighborhood, $75 per month.

Nice house on Huerfano st., newly papered and painted; $25.

Completely furnished cottage of 3 rooms on Kiowa st.; $20.

5 room house on Huerfano; $22 50.

6 room cottage on Wahsatch avenue, very desirable, $18.

5 room cottage on Kiowa st., nicely furnished; $30.

The above embraces but a small portion of the properties I have for sale.

Parties thinking of buying, selling, renting, or loaning money are cordially invited to call.

Carriage always in attendance to examine property.

F. G. ROWE, Tejon street, opposite Opera House. 6-6-tf

HENRY LeB. WILES.

REAL ESTATE

—AND—

INSURANCE.

Represents the following first class Fire Insurance Companies:

Lion of London, Royal of Liverpool,
Boston Underwriters, National of Hartford

A LARGE AMOUNT OF

Money to Loan

Good Real Estate Only Accepted as Security

NOTARY PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

FOR SALE!

New House of 4 rooms with porch and cellar, outbuildings on a 50 foot corner on Cascade; price $1,250.

Choice tract of 5 acres land with good house and outbuildings. A cheap property for $2,000.

Two hundred feet corner on N. Wahsatch $850 and $750.

A fine residence on a corner on Cascade, in perfect order, very commodious, with 9 rooms and all conveniences; new stable, laundry, coal house, &c. Fine lawn and strawberry bed; one of the best places in town.

A small business property on Huerfano street, paying a large rental on cost.

Two lots on South Weber st. with 5 room house for outside purposes.

50 foot front on North Tejon; $900.

A desirable residence with stable, &c., on a very central lot on Nevada. Owner having purchased another property will dispose of this at reasonable figures.

100 foot corner on North Weber; $1,250.

A new house in the best part of town, now leased for one year at good rental. A good property for investment.

Well built brick house of 10 rooms on corner lot. Rents furnished 5 rooms per month. Can sell with furniture complete for $1,250.

Very desirable residence on best part of North Tejon; $3,500.

House, stable, &c., on full lot on Huerfano; $2,250.

Also a long list of other improved and unimproved properties.

FOR RENT.

House of 8 rooms in good order, on Wahsatch; city water. Per month, $25.

Nicely furnished house on 100 foot lot in the best part of town. To the right party for the summer. Per mo., $60.

A very desirable residence on Cascade, in perfect order, with bath room, &c. New stable with two finished rooms; large outside laundry and coal house; 50 foot lawn with strawberry bed. Per month, $75.

House of 3 rooms on Bijou st; per month, $15.

House of 8 large rooms on Cascade; laundry and outbuildings. Partly furnished. Per mo., $45.

Desirable house of 8 large rooms and stoned cellar with good outbuildings on Boulder street, in fine order. Per month, $40.

Finely furnished house on Pike's Peak, close to the business part of town; faces south. Per month, $65.

Newly furnished house of 4 rooms on S. Tejon st., city water. Long lease can be given. Per month, $30.

The house adjoining the church on Cucharas st. For a short time at low rental.

Hou ed 2 rooms on Weber st.; per mo. $7.

Also several other houses furnished and unfurnished.

BRICK COTTAGE FOR STORE.

Opposite Opera House. 6-19

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Under this head any reputable profession and address. Any other matter will be charged for, our card rates.

DR. W. N. MESERVE,

DENTIST.

UNION BLOCK. m-23-tf

JOHN CAMPBELL,

(Successor to Helm & Campbell.)

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office, opposite post office, rooms 2 and 3 Stretton's block. m-10-tf

Dr. Chas. F. Edwards

DENTIST.

OFFICE OPPOSITE OPERA HOUSE. Appointments can be made by telephone. 6-10-tf

TRADE DIRECTORY.

All cards under this head consist of announcements of particular branch of trade and address. Any other matter in them will be charged for at our card rates.

W. C. T. U.

The W. C. T. U. meets 2d and 4th Tuesdays of each month in the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

MEAT MARKETS.

NORTH END MARKET, cor. Tejon and Kiowa, A. E. Mosby, Proprietor, wholesale and retail dealer in the choicest meats of all kinds, game and game birds and eggs. I make a specialty of oysters, fish, game, etc. Orders by telephone will receive prompt attention. 6-1-tf

PIKE'S PEAK MARKET, No. 32 Pike's Peak avenue, Hopkins, Farrar & Conner, proprietors, wholesale and retail dealers in beef, mutton, pork, poultry, fish and game. Telephone connection with all parts of the city. Orders promptly filled. m-14-tf

CONFECTIONERY.

PETER MARIANI, dealer in Eastern and California Fruits, Whitman's Philadelphia Candies received by express every day. 1-24

COLORADO COLLEGE

Assay Department.

Is prepared to do all assays in the best manner and on short notice.

All Work Guaranteed Correct

Office at Howbert's book store where terms can be had on application. dwm 9 tf

AINSWORTH BROWN,

Opera House Block.

Painters' Materials and Oils,

WALL PAPER, GLASS,

Shade Goods and Shade Fixtures,

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

Painting, Paper Hanging and Calsomining. 1-14-tf

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

[illegible]

A [illegible] Anderson [illegible]

[illegible]

The motion was [illegible] Mr [illegible] of the attorney [illegible] than the one [illegible] Alderman Crowell [illegible] Alderman Wheeler [illegible]

[illegible]

ORDINANCES

— OF THE —

City of Colorado Springs.

[illegible] by the City Council of the City of Colorado Springs

[illegible] That the Denver and New Orleans Railroad company be and hereby is authorized to construct, maintain and operate a railroad with single or double track and [illegible] necessary main and side tracks [illegible] the following [illegible] town

[illegible] which the said [illegible] as hereinafter located in [illegible] the south line of the Colorado Springs [illegible] from Nevada avenue, in said city, thence [illegible] four (84) feet westerly [illegible] said addition as [illegible] said town thence over [illegible] said company may now own or [illegible] the same will have [illegible] said entire line of Moreno avenue [illegible] point between the [illegible] Moreno and Sahwatch [illegible] avenue [illegible] property now owned or [illegible] by the company to [illegible] Sahwatch street to any point on its [illegible] Moreno avenue and the [illegible] Cascade street thence along [illegible] line of Sahwatch street to the [illegible] of Huerfano street and thence west [illegible] said line of Huerfano street [illegible] said company [illegible] for other business [illegible] and sidings upon [illegible] by switches and turnouts from [illegible] through the streets on the [illegible] conducted, with the right to [illegible] all depots, warehouses [illegible] and other buildings [illegible] necessary and proper for the operation of said railroad and the transfer of freight and passengers thereon and thereover to and from the city of Colorado Springs.

[illegible] That said company, its successors and assigns are hereby authorized to operate its railroad by steam or such other motive power as they may deem best

[illegible] said company shall have the right to exchange business with and run its cars on the tracks of other railroads entering the said city and to allow the company or corporation such other railroad to run upon its tracks on such terms as may be agreed upon between said companies or persons

[illegible] said railroad company shall [illegible] of this right of way [illegible] said city for the [illegible] streets [illegible] and plant or place [illegible] other portions of the [illegible] by the use thereof by [illegible] way in a complete and [illegible] under the direction [illegible] City Engineer and [illegible] subject to all ordinances [illegible] said city for the [illegible] companies within its [illegible]

[illegible] consideration of the grant of the [illegible] privileges said railroad company [illegible] upon the enjoyment thereof, shall execute to said city the bond of said company in the penalty of ten thousand dollars conditioned that the said company shall pay all the expenses of any and all ordinances passed or which may be passed for the regulation of railroads in the said city, and shall indemnify and save harmless the said city from all costs, loss or damage which shall be incurred by reason of their license, or by reason of the construction, maintenance or operation of the said railroad

Passed May 20, 1882

[Seal] D W Robbins, Mayor

Attest A A McGovney, City Clerk.

[illegible]

[illegible] Alderman Wheeler [illegible] appointed to [illegible] and New Orleans and [illegible] Springs company in regard to the [illegible] Alderman Wheeler [illegible] were appointed on the part of the council

[illegible] adjourned

[illegible]

[illegible] Mr Lowrie [illegible] Mr Campbell replied that both Mr Lowrie and Mr Eccles were down stairs and he could summon them Immediately they appeared and were given the consent of the council to speak

Mr Lowrie [illegible] the Denver & New Orleans road [illegible] fully [illegible] the interests of the Denver & New Orleans road [illegible] Mr Campbell [illegible] that it had been sent this morning [illegible] Mr Wolfe [illegible] to have [illegible] and [illegible] Mr Williams [illegible] the [illegible] to delay [illegible] the road [illegible]

It is moved by Alderman [illegible] and seconded by Alderman Crowell [illegible] ordinance [illegible] adopted by [illegible] which has been [illegible] the Denver & New Orleans railroad [illegible] as follows

[illegible]

[illegible] the city of Colorado Springs [illegible] the Denver & New Orleans railroad [illegible] Moreno avenue [illegible] Cascade street [illegible] Sahwatch street [illegible] Huerfano street [illegible] Sahwatch street [illegible] Moreno avenue [illegible] Cascade street thence along [illegible] Sahwatch street to the [illegible] Huerfano street and thence west [illegible] said line of Huerfano street [illegible] said company [illegible] for other business [illegible] and sidings upon [illegible] by switches and turnouts from [illegible] through the streets on the [illegible] conducted, with the right to [illegible] all depots, warehouses [illegible] and other buildings [illegible] necessary and proper for the operation of said railroad and the transfer of freight and passengers thereon and thereover to and from the city of Colorado Springs.

[illegible] That said company, its successors and assigns are hereby authorized to operate its railroad by steam or such other motive power as they may deem best

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[Seal] D W Robbins, Mayor

Attest A A McGovney, City Clerk.

[illegible] Mr Lowrie [illegible] Mr Campbell [illegible] Mr Lowrie [illegible] Mr Campbell [illegible] Mr Lowrie [illegible] Mr Campbell [

DAILY GAZETTE

THURSDAY JUNE 1, 1893

TIME TABLE

Colorado Springs & Cripple Creek

Leave Colo Springs	Arrive Colo Springs
10 [illegible]	9 30 a m
12 05 p m	11 [illegible] a m
[illegible]	3 40 p m

Denver & Rio Grande Railway.

Trains going South	Trains going North
No 1 arrives 11 45 a m	No 2 arrives 4 50 p m
No 3 arrives 11 50 a m	No 4 arrives 4 55 p m
No [illegible] arrives 11 [illegible] m	No 6 arrives 4 00 a m
No 5 arrives 11 [illegible] p m	No 1 leaves 9 [illegible] a m
No 3 arrives 4 [illegible] p m	No 3 leaves 10 [illegible] a m
No 5 leaves 6 00 p m	No 5 leaves 10 [illegible] a m

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities east at the depot Parties can select their own route

Trains now running through to Leadville Pullman palace sleepers attached Daylight trains Horton reclining chair cars on day trains Observation cars on daylight trains through the Royal Gorge in the Grand Canyon

For full information call on or address

J M ELLISON, Agent

Mr D J Martin went to Denver on the broad gauge express yesterday morning

Sheriff Dunn is having the county jail thoroughly cleaned throughout and calsomined

Efforts are being made to have a game of ball between the P & M club of Omaha, and the Colorado Springs nine on the Fourth of July

Officer Saxton yesterday arrested and placed in the cooler a drunken individual who was making an exhibition of himself on Tejon street

Mr G F Whitehead, the traveling correspondent of the Denver News, is in the city, in attendance at the commencement exercises of Colorado college

Mr Fred Helus has sold his cigar business to E F Marshall who will carry it on at old stand on the north side of Tejon street, near the corner of Huerfano

Mr J F Humphrey and wife start for the east to day, expecting to remain during the greater part of the summer They will visit all of the leading sea shore resorts

Some extensive improvements are being made in the El Paso bank The entire interior of the building has been handsomely papered and a black walnut and oak floor is being laid

The following rates are now in force on the Denver & Rio Grande Colorado Springs to Denver $5 00 Denver and return $8 50 Colorado Springs to Pueblo, $1 50, Colorado Springs to Pueblo and return $2 50

Many of the Colorado Springs people have manifested a desire to see the Conkey Burton opera company in "Patience," but we understand that Mr Bush cannot make satisfactory arrangements with them to come over the Colorado circuit

Manager Nye of the opera house, goes to Denver today to arrange with Manager Bush of the Colorado circuit, for the appearance in Colorado Springs of John McCullough and Mary Anderson He is doing everything within his power to provide us with the best of theatrical attractions

An expressman by the name of Bill Ross was yesterday arrested by City Marshal Beall and arraigned before Justice Pixley on a charge of cruelty to animals He was caught in the act of brutally beating a horse which he was riding through one of the public streets He pleaded guilty, and was fined $10 and costs

On Tuesday night the military band accompanied by members of Company A, Hook and Ladder Co No 1, Matt France, W S Jackson and J M Sigafus hose companies serenaded Mayor Robbins at his residence on Cascade avenue Refreshments were furnished by the mayor, and a very enjoyable entertainment was experienced by all

About 12 o clock on Wednesday night the grist mill in Glen as the Fountain Mill located just south of Colorado City, on the Fountain, was burned to the ground The mill was owned by William Johnson, of Colorado City, and was valued at $4 500 It was insured for $3,000 in the Western Assurance and Home Mutual, of California, through the agency of Messrs Lawton & Perkins The mill had been running during the day, but no fires had been started Mr Johnson gives as his opinion that the fire originated from a hot journal The fire was not discovered until after the building had been partially destroyed

Mr C Craig, the artist, has placed on exhibition in Sagendorf & Co's drug store a large painting of Pike's Peak The picture is one of the best representations of Rocky Mountain scenery yet painted and was executed on the special order of Mr Childs, of the California art gallery at Denver It pictures Pike's Peak as seen through Ruxton creek canon, a short distance above the Iron Ute spring In the foreground the turbulent water of Ruxton creek is flowing over masses of rocks while in the background the snow capped summit of Pike's Peak rises to the sky above Clouds are floating between the lower ranges and the peak, thus making a very handsome painting

Mr J F Humphrey has resigned the position of cashier of the First National bank which he has so acceptably filled for several years, and at a meeting of the directors held yesterday afternoon Mr Matt Kennedy was elected his successor Mr Kennedy is a man of extended business experience and was in the banking business for some time at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and we have every reason to believe that as cashier of the First National he will give general satisfaction to its patrons Mr Humphrey will be greatly missed in that capacity, inasmuch as he has been universally popular with the merchants and residents of Colorado Springs with whom he has done business He resigns the position to give his exclusive attention to the management of the affairs of the Glen company, in which he is largely interested

Deputy Sheriff Linton of Arkansas county, brought to this city from Denver, on Tuesday night, Thomas P Campbell alias Dr Foster alias C Ford, who was supposed to be one implicated with McBride and Harlip in the recent burglaries in Colorado Springs, from the fact that he pawned in Denver the watch stolen from Mrs D Ross Wood A Budman, the pawnbroker to whom the watch was pawned, identified Campbell as the man who had brought the watch to his place of business, saying that it was his wife's Justice Pixley examined the prisoners at the jail, and one of them testified that he had disposed of the watch to Campbell and it was evident that he did not want to implicate him Campbell's stories were in many respects contradictory and from what could be learned of him his character was not of the best, but taking the evidence as introduced, Justice Pixley had no other alternative but to discharge him

DIED

POURTALES—May 27, 1893, infant daughter of F O and Laura de Pourtales

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Ten cents per line for first insertion five cents per line for each subsequent insertion Advertisements to go in every other day or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion

HALLETT & BAKER
Undertakers and Embalmers.
No 2 Pike's Peak Avenue j 23 tf

Ask for Rhoads Crackers e-26-tf

FOR RENT—Two rooms at Kiowa Greenhouse e 30-tf

Screen wire cloth, screen window frames to fit any window, screen door spring hinges and catches at Durkee & Lee's e-17 tf

NOTICE—All persons indebted to Wilbur & Newton will please call and settle the same at their earliest convenience with M C Wilbur f 1 6

FOR SALE—A new canopy top surrah for sale very cheap at Hundley & Lowe's e-10-tf

Furniture repairing and varnishing hair mattresses made over awning tents and all kinds of canvas work at the new furniture store Ashley's Pike's Peak ave e-19-tf

W W Bryan proprietor of the Beebee House Bar and Billiard Parlors has just received a cask lot of fresh imported Wines for the summer trade, direct from Bordeaux It consists of Burgundys White Wines Champagnes Sherries, Rhine Wines and Clarets e-28-tf

$500 REWARD—We will pay the above amount in cash to any one who will prove by honorable means that a majority of the residents of Moreno avenue want the D & N O railroad built through said avenue as proposed or that such consent was ever obtained by such means of said residents J J MILLER, f 2 4 J H LUNN

Fine Walnut Bed Room Sets Bureaus Centre tables &c., at Ashley's new furniture store Pike's Peak avenue e 23-tf

Lemonade with Orange Ice Lemonade with Ice Cream Frozen Milk Punch at Bryan's Beebee House Bar and Billiard Parlors during the season e-28-tf

Positively going out of business Heavy reductions in prices of dry goods Monk & Inskeep d-21 tf

Go to G S Birnie for Flugelle phaetons canopy tops and light express wagons e-9 tf

Philadelphia and Pennsylvania lawn mowers and lawn rakes at Durkee & Lee's e-17 tf

Put a furnace in your house this summer and keep comfortable next winter Durkee & Lee will do the work for you in first class shape and guarantee satisfaction They are agents for the Fuller & Warren Co's furnaces, the best made Over 50 000 in use e-17 tf

Screen doors at your own figures at J G Warner's Planing Mill corner Cascade avenue and Huerfano street. d 25 tf

French china, decorated queensware lamp goods, etc, at Halsted & Fairley's. m-1-tf

Now is the time to polish up the handle of the big front door We have a few old papers left that are suitable for that kind of work tf

For pure and fresh drugs, at eastern prices, go to Church & Co's drug store a 16-tf

FREE TO ALL—The best catalogue of small fruits, grapes, &c., ever published in Colorado Send your name to E H Cossum Colorado Springs postoffice box 174. e-1 tf

Tents, wagon sheets and camping outfits at Durkee & Lee's e-17-tf

Rifles, shotguns, revolvers and all kinds of ammunition, at Durkee & Lee's d-e-1-tf

SEE THIS!—You are not compelled to take your prescriptions where your physician directs. Church & Co will fill them correctly and at eastern prices f 18 tf

Mr L C Davis has the finest stock of Jewelry and the most experienced workmen in the state j-3-tf

Refrigerators ice chests ice cream freezers and water coolers at Durkee & Lee's e 17-tf

Dissolution Notice.

The firm of Wilbur & Newton have this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by M C Wilbur at the old stand All debts and accounts are to be settled with M C Wilbur

M C WILBUR
J E NEWTON

f 1 8

T. H. JOHNSON,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
CHEYENNE CAÑON
ICE!
Orders Promptly Filled, Telephone Connection
d 1 tf

MISS ROBERTSON & SISTER,
DRESSMAKERS,
Tejon street third door south of Bijou, west side e-9 tf

FOR
PLAIN AND FANCY CAKES
—AND—
BREAD,
Of Superior Quality,—
GO TO
WM. BUSH'S BAKERY
Opera House Block
m 7 tf

M. L. DeCOURSEY

TO THE

ESTATE

COLUMN.

AGENT FOR SALE

Of lots in the growing

TOWN OF

CRESTED BUTTE!

GREAT!

I will rent the Iron Springs hotel and the celebrated Iron Springs at Manitou, for a term commencing May 1st, or I will sell the entire property, consisting of 100 acres of land, taking in three-fourths of a mile of Ruxton creek and embracing numerous iron springs, summer houses and the hotel

FOR SALE.

The finest corner on North Tejon street, 200x100, $6 000, or will divide it.

Six lots on Pike's Peak avenue between Tejon and Nevada.

Lot on best part of North Nevada avenue, 75x190 Cheap at $2 000

The 320 acres controlling the entrance to and running into Cheyenne Cañon Splendid water timber and nice garden land on the property Also house and fencing A fine place for a hotel which would be popular all the year round A great bargain at $2 300

Lovely two story cottage of 7 rooms city water, lot nicely fenced Located on one of the best 50x190 feet corners on North Nevada avenue A splendid chance to secure a beautiful home in one of the best localities in the city, $3,650

Elegant house of 10 rooms, hot and cold water, bath room and all conveniences, large porches, splendid lawn, trees and shrubbery, stone cellar, first-class stable, lot 75x190, on best part of Weber street Price $7,000 Will sell furniture with house if desired

A splendid four acre garden tract, fenced and every inch of it under ditch, planted mostly in small fruits, one acre in alfalfa House of 5 rooms and cellar, stable and outhouses, good cistern Ten minutes walk from postoffice. A real bargain at $3 000

A first class property only two blocks from new post office Lot 50x190 feet, with house (partly new) size 26x80 feet containing 12 rooms, ceilings 10 feet high throughout. Also a wash room, cow house, hen house, etc. The house is partly furnished, and will be sold with furniture at the very low figure of $4 000 In this is included a good milch cow and fifty chickens

Fine two story house of seven rooms and three closets, nice shade trees, porch in front, city water stable for three horses House and stable were built during the past summer Lot 50x190 feet. A bargain at $3 000, of which amount $1,500 may stand for one year at 10 per cent.

A splendid corner 100x190 feet on N Weber street, on which are erected three lovely cottages renting for $77 per month City water and gas pipes in cottages, open grate fire places in parlors, nice lawns and stables This property is a bargain at $6,500

Nice cottage of 5 rooms on lot 50x200 feet on Pike's Peak avenue, cellar, lawn, neat fence and stable, water in house, only $2,500

Several nice lots in the neighborhood of the new postoffice site.

Ranch of 160 acres on the road between Monument and Table Rock, all fenced, raises fine potato crops, splendid springs of water includes three acres of big timber Only $1,000 A bargain

House of 4 rooms, lot 50x190, lawn, trees, stable. Good location A bargain at $800

House of 5 rooms, city water Lot 50x190 First class location Only $1050

House of 4 rooms on lot 100x190, water in house, $1,050

House of 6 rooms, stable for ten horses, lot 50x190 all in glass, located on Nevada avenue close to business centre of city. A bargain at $4,000

Several splendid corners on North Cascade, Tejon, Nevada and Wood streets

House of 5 rooms, pantry, cellar, porch, stone foundation, well, 3 acres of ground, east of city. $1,200

House of 7 rooms, porch, city water, lot 80 x100, Huerfano, near Weber, $2,600.

A beautiful cottage at Manitou, containing four rooms and has a large porch The cottage fronts south and is located on one of the most valuable lots at Manitou This is the property known as the Thurlow cottage It cost over $2,000 and will be sold for $1,500 cash, if at once.

FOR RENT.

Completely furnished house of ten rooms and bath room on one of the best corners on North Weber st. Hot and cold water, fine porches, stone cellar, splendid lawn, trees, etc This house is one of the best and most comfortable in the city. It has a large hall, open grate fire places, hard wood floors, and all modern improvements

Elegant furnished house of 6 rooms Splendid location, facing south on Bijou street.

Furnished house of 4 rooms, splendid location, $25 per month.

Fine store building on Tejon st between Pike's Peak ave and Huerfano st, from May 15th

The New England Kitchen and sleeping rooms, bath rooms, etc, up stairs A fine chance for anyone wishing to embark in the restaurant or boarding house profession Can be rented for 2 years at $80 per month

Unfurnished house of 5 rooms, in first class location, $1[illegible] per month

Unfurnished house of 4 rooms, good location, $15 per month.

Offices in the new Strettell block, elegantly finished and furnished with all modern conveniences

M. L. DeCOURSEY,
Real Estate Agent.

AUCTION SALE

Wednesday, May 31, 1.30 p m.,

Of Parlor Set, Marble Top Chamber Set Centre Table, Carpets, Chairs, Stoves, Kitchen Goods, at Huerfano street, between Nevada and Weber

W O HOPKINS Auctioneer

e 30-2

Proposals.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of J P Limber, superintending architect until 12 M on the first day of May, 1893, for making proposed alterations in the Central school building Colorado Springs, in accordance with drawings and specifications which may be seen, or any additional information be had, at Mr Limber's office

(Signed) J F HUMPHREY
Sec'y Sch Dist No 11

e 27 4

Smokers, Ahoy!

Call and Try Some of

W. TRAFFLEY & CO.'S

Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobaccos

SMOKERS' ARTICLES.

New Lot Just Received.

TEJON STREET,

—OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE.

d 7 tf

FIRE!

Insurance Agency

OF

W. R. THORNELL.

"SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL," Of Edinburgh. Assets over $13,000,000. Established 1824.

GLENS FALLS, of Glens Falls, N. Y. Assets $1,115,000. Organized 1849.

"PROVIDENCE - WASHINGTON," of Providence, R. I. Assets $900,000. Incorporated 1799.

Policies Carefully Written at Fair Rates.

Office Over People's Bank.

d 7 tf

IMPORTED ALE AND PORTER

Why get it, when you can buy

An Article Equal at One Half the Price.

We have now on hand ready for delivery the above goods

EQUAL TO THE IMPORTED

In MEDICINAL QUALITY and FLAVOR and

Far Ahead of any Malt Liquors

Manufactured in this country. If you value your health you will use no other. SOLD BY THE DOZEN OR KEG AND DELIVERED BY THE BREWERY WAGON DAILY

Address Colorado City or Colorado Springs

STOCKBRIDGE & BEWELL, Props

e 23 tf

NOW IS THE TIME

TO PUT OUT

FLOWERING PLANTS

AND AT

Kiowa Greenhouse

Is the Place to Buy Them.

Plants on Sale at Hooker & Stevens'.

H. H. Hoo is ready to fill orders for plants cut flowers and floral work from Monday morning till Saturday night Funeral orders only taken on Sunday.

The property, including stock of plants, is for sale Terms given on the premises d 20-tf

THE

CLIFF HOUSE

—AT—

Manitou Springs,

Is open for the winter First class accommodations at reasonable rates.

E. E. NICHOLS Proprietor

f 17 tf

S. P. SESSIONS

Contractor & Builder

SHOP—In block opposite Postoffice. P. O. Box 66. All work promptly attended to

A SAGENDORF GEO H ROBBINS

DRUGS! DRUGS!! DRUGS!!!

AT

A. Sagendorf & Co's.

Pure Drugs and Chemicals, Perfumeries, Cosmetics, Toilet Articles and Fancy Goods

Sole Agents for Hawk's Spermaline

CHAMPAGNE LIQUOR the A SAFE CONSTITUENT

Lincoln's Hop and Celery Nervine [illegible] nervousness, sleeplessness, headache, indigestion and dyspepsia—

KNIGHT'S ASTHMA CURE

Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours by day or night j 4 m

Read What Follows Carefully!

It is for Your Benefit to Do So.

THE GREATEST INDUCEMENTS

Ever offered to the citizens of Colorado Springs are now presented for the inspection of the public at the

PIKE'S PEAK DRY GOODS EMPORIUM

In view of the lateness of the season we have concluded to offer

Our Entire Stock

OF—

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Etc., At the Enormous Reductions Given below:

Ladies' Dolmans, Ulsters, Mantles and Ready made Suits one third off regular price
All Fancy Dress Goods at 20 per cent off regular price
All Staple Dress Goods at 10 per cent off regular price
All Fancy Moire, Brocade and Surah Silks 20 per cent off regular price
All Staple Black and Plain Colored Silks, 10 per cent off regular price
All Table Linens and House Furnishing Goods 10 per cent off regular price
All Blankets Comforts, and Men's Wear 10 per cent off regular price
All Underwear Ladies' Vests and Pants 10 per cent off regular price
All Fringes and Passementeries at 10 to 50 per cent off regular price
All Fancy and Colored Ribbons at 50 per cent off regular price

This is no old stock selling out to close business but a NEW, FRESH FASHIONABLE AND DESIRABLE STOCK comprising all the latest novelties in the market Don't waste your money buying old goods but COME TO LIFE

Pike's Peak Dry Goods Emporium

And be [illegible] goods [illegible] marked in plain figures [illegible] about the [illegible] think to turn up but puts his [illegible] and moves his stock in that way [illegible]

SPECIAL BARGAINS! SPECIAL

90 pieces Mus pin set [illegible] One [illegible] of good Calicoes [illegible] cents

Think of entire stock of Wraps comprising every [illegible] Ladies' Walking [illegible] to the highest Satin Mantles at $40 to [illegible] $10 Wraps to $[illegible] and a $20 Lady and Gent's [illegible]

All of our reductions are made from the usual prices [illegible] marked for the purpose of reduction.

This is what we have done and the reductions will [illegible]

This is a rare opportunity to supply your [illegible] with CHEAP and at the same time CHOICE DRY GOODS will be continued through MAY AND JUNE ONLY

COME ONE! COME ALL TO THE

Pike's Peak Dry Goods Emporium

PIKE'S PEAK AVENUE, ONE DOOR EAST OF TEJON STREET.

FERRIS & JONES

"Veritas ad Finem" d w d 1 y

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

TO THE CITIZENS OF COLORADO SPRINGS AND VICINITY:

Having decided to go out of business we offer our large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS

—AND—

Furnishing Goods

AT A

GREAT SACRIFICE.

This sale beginning this day May 16th will be for CASH and CASH ONLY [illegible] are any one to close our entire business at the earliest [illegible] this date

This is a rare chance to buy Staple Goods at less than value and a good opportunity for any one wishing to embark in business, as we will sell at a bargain

Very respectfully,

Weatherby Bros.

d 4 1f

MAKE NO MISTAKE! DON'T BE MISLED!

Whenever you want anything in the way of

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Clothing,

AND

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

—GO DIRECT TO

SMITH BROS.'

MONTE STORE.

You will find that the Times [illegible] Cash and prices that no reasonable [illegible] favor to call on us through our stock whether [illegible] buy or not We are daily adding new attractions to our new store and will be pleased to see you often

Terms Cash and Strictly One Price.

d 19 1y SMITH BROS.